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VOL. 25, NO. 3.

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DEATH OF JUDGE KELLEY.

FATHER OF THE HOUSE.

HIS WAS THE LONGEST SERVICE IN THE HOUSE SINCE THE FOUNDATION OF THE GOVERNMENT—A NOTABLE FIGURE IN AMERICAN POLITICS.

Judge William D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, died in Washington, at 6:20 o'clock on the 9th inst. At his bedside were Mrs. Kelley, his daughter, Mrs. Herstman, his sons, William D. Kelley, Jr., and A. B. Kelley, Dr. Stanton, his attending physician and J. B. Weyrick, his private secretary. His death was painless, and to watchers at his bedside he seemed to have fallen into a peaceful sleep. He was unconscious at the last as he was at intervals during the last two days. His remains were buried at Laurel hill cemetery, Philadelphia. The immediate cause of Judge Kelley's death was intestinal catarrh, brought on by cold contracted during Christmas week. For some years, however, he has been almost a constant sufferer from a cancerous growth in the side of the face, which was removed about six years ago by a surgical operation. The relief thus obtained was only temporary, and since that time it has developed so rapidly during the past year that it must have soon conquered him, had he not earlier fallen a victim to the catarrhal affection. He was nearly 76 years old, and during the later years of his life his general health has not been good, so that he easily fell a victim to the weakening influence of the disease.

A SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

William Darrah Kelley, who has been since 1877 the senior member of the lower house of congress, was born in Philadelphia, April 12, 1814. His ancestors were among the pioneers of American civilization. He got his schooling at the congregational school of the Second Presbyterian church, Philadelphia. At the age of 11 years he found employment in a lottery office, but soon left and went to work with an umbrella maker. Soon after he became copy reader in the printing office of the late Jasper Harding. This work developed a clearness of enunciation for which he was always noted. To this period of his life Judge Kelley ascribed his intellectual awakening. Before his thirteenth year he apprenticed himself to Rickards and Dubosq, jewelers. Besides sticking close to his bench in the working hours, and in the evening indulging in his keen appetite for books, he sought active recreation in Colonel James Page's State Fencibles. At the age of 17 he was an active member of the Niagara hose company, though the constitution of the company forbade the admission of any person under 20 years of age. In 1835 he found employment in Boston at his trade. There it was his good fortune to meet men of high attainments, whose influence and example fired his ambition. The Faneuil hall meeting which he attended and captured, offered a favorable opportunity for a taking debut. He afterward studied law in the office of Colonel James Page, and in 1841 the jeweler became a full-fledged lawyer. The young lawyer's force as a public speaker attracted attention and brought enough business to keep him fairly employed. In 1845 he was made prosecutor of the pleas for Philadelphia, to which place he was twice appointed. In 1845 Governor Shunk appointed him to a seat on the bench of the common pleas, oyer and terminer and quarter sessions. In 1851 the judicial office became elective, and he was elected associate judge for a term of ten years. In 1856 he was nominated for congress by the republicans of the Fourth congressional district and defeated, and soon afterward resigned his seat on the bench. He was a member of the Chicago convention of 1860, and when Lincoln was chosen president Kelley was elected to congress, where he has remained ever since.

It is needless in this connection to go into the details of Judge Kelley's long career in the house, which has exceeded in length that of any of his contemporaries or predecessors. He has figured prominently on the floor of the house in the debates on all the vital issues before congress, but has been so especially associated with the championship of the protection policy that for many years he has been known half playfully, have derisively, as "Old Pig Iron." From his first entrance upon the congressional arena, he took rank beside the most earnest and able of the defenders of the Union; he favored the most vigorous conduct of the war, and interested himself, personally for the comfort of the soldiers; he was in favor of emancipation and manhood suffrage, and so early as 1862 advocated the arming of the negro; he took an advanced republican position on the question of reconstruction; he advocated the Morrill tariff of 1861, and has since stood valiantly by the protective principle, and has defended the greenback as a good and lawful money, no less serviceable in peace than in war. In 1869 he was made a member of the committee on ways and means, and remained in continuous service on that committee until December last, when in consequence of his feeble health, he requested Speaker Reed to give him a committee assignment which would involve less labor. In compliance with that request he was made chairman of the committee on manufactures.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA CALENDAR for 1890 is out, and the demand for it is certain to be immense, for a more "taking" calendar it is difficult to even imagine. Art and utility are beautifully blended in the lovely girl's head on a dark olive background, and the neat pad appended giving the months in concise, readable shape, with a history of the year alternating, in rhyme, and also illustrated. Early application at the druggists will be necessary to secure this gem. If you fail there, send 6 cents in stamps to C. I. Hood & Co. Lowell, Mass.

A good way to send coin through the mails is to take a piece of cardboard of more than ordinary thickness, separate the layers at one side over a space large enough to receive the coin, and when it has been slipped in and the card enclosed with the letter in an envelope, no one would suspect the presence of money.

Disgraceful Death Rites.

THE GHASTLY MERRIMENT THAT PREVAILS AT MANY ENGLISH FUNERALS.

It has been asserted with tedious irritation that the English people take their pleasures sadly. No one will deny the truth of the indictment, but it is seldom urged that in revenge we take our sadness pleasantly. Nevertheless, an English funeral is often a merry making, a jovial excuse for song and dance, and the passing of the flowing bowl. To go to a funeral is with some of us equivalent to going out for a festival holiday.

Let anyone who is anxious to study the manners and customs of the English mourners spend an afternoon—Monday afternoon for choice—in the neighborhood of a public house near a cemetery. I'll warrant he'll come away with all his preconceived notions of "going to a funeral" knocked into the cockedest of cocked hats.

The other day it was my good—or evil—fortune to have an hour to spare in a northern suburb of London. I had driven some distance and I wanted to give my horse a rest, and so I put up for an hour and then wandered away to a public house in the neighborhood, to which I was attracted by a large number of empty hearses and mourning coaches drawn up in picturesque confusion around it. Outside the undertaker's men were chatting together with their hands in their pockets and were smoking short clays and passing the pewter along. Inside the bar was crowded with men and women dressed in deep mourning. I explored the house and found mourners in the coffee room, mourners in the smoking room. It was a case of mourners—mourners everywhere, and—I can't finish the quotation, for there certainly was a drop to drink. The mourners in the coffee room were more subdued than the mourners in the bar but they were merry. Here was a widow who had just left the dear departed "up the road," smiling at a story which another lady mourner was telling about "old Jones." There was a young man, with a black band up to the top of his hat, coaxing a girl in mourning to have another whisky. I looked around the room for tears and I saw but a few. One or two eyes were red, but smiles were on the ascendant, and altogether the various mourners belonging to the hearse out side seemed disposed to have a pleasant hour at the "pub" before they went home.—*London Referee.*

The Public Roads.

No question has taken up more time of the Pennsylvania Legislature than that of the public road laws. A great many bills have been prepared having in view the adoption of some general system of road supervision that will secure the best public roads at the least possible cost to the taxpayers. As only general laws can be enacted, the question has been a difficult one to handle satisfactorily to all sections of the State. In some parts of the State the roads are in a passable condition, while in other sections they are not worthy of name. In the poorer and more sparsely settled parts, where the country is rocky and mountainous, the cost of making and keeping in repair public roads is not only very expensive but the cost falls upon comparatively few tax-payers. In counties where the roads are let to the lowest bidder, experience has proven that the lowest price has often been too high and that the best bidder was the worst road maker. In this county, especially in the townships where the coal and railroad corporations pay the bulk of the road tax, they have found it cheaper to keep the roads in repair themselves than to pay the tax usually assessed for this purpose by the township officers. Nevertheless, this system has not been satisfactory to the public. Corporations, like individuals, put just enough work on the roads to escape the law and no more. The roads kept in repair by the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co, in this county are as good as the average and no better.

Under the present system there seems no way of remedying the evil. The farmers say that the only way to have good roads through the agricultural districts is to macadamize them, and this they are not in a financial condition to do. In the mining region the excuse is that the majority of the taxpayers are poor and that for their purpose the roads are good enough. But good roads are not to be considered in the light of a luxury to the rich who can afford to drive fast horses. Public highways are a necessity for travel and traffic, and in this age of improvement when great results hang upon a few moments of time, they should be made with a view of shortening time and space as much as possible.—*Pottsville Miners Journal.*

THE COUNTRY'S WEALTH.

REMARKABLE FIGURES SHOWING THE RAPID STRIDES OF THE UNITED STATES.

New York, Dec. 19.—The *World* has obtained from the treasurer of each state the value of property as assessed for taxation. The Census Office in 1886 made a report of its exhaustive and laborious inquiry into the proportions existing in each state between taxed property and actual wealth, which ranges between 25 per cent in Illinois and 68 in Wyoming. The *World's* report shows an increase in taxable property of $6,963,000,000, and an increase in actual wealth of $18,162,000,000 since 1880. The total wealth is $61,459,000,000 exclusive of the public property, and $3,093,000,000 property invested and owned abroad. The assessed value of taxed property and our actual wealth at different decades has been.

	Assessed Value.	Actual Wealth.
1850	$5,297,613,148	$16,052,449,709
1860	12,084,500,005	21,250,310,076
1870	11,342,739,365	30,068,519,507
1880	16,902,901,543	43,642,000,000
1889	23,719,000,000	61,459,000,000

The wealth of the United States now exceeds the total wealth of the whole world at any time previous to the middle of the Eighteenth Century and the amount invested abroad is alone equal to the national wealth of Portugal and Denmark. The total wealth of only five nations is equal to the mere increase of the United States in the past nine years.

Calvin S. Brice has been nominated for United States Senator by the democratic caucus of the Ohio Legislature.

THE KNIFFEN CASE.

On Friday morning January 4th the dead body of Mrs. Kniffen was found in her bed in her home in Trenton, N. J. The face was scratched in several places. On the floor of the same room lay Miss Pursell apparently unconscious, when first discovered, but who quickly revived. Mrs. Kniffen was the wife of Dr. Kniffen, a prominent dentist. The Dr. was away from home that night, and Miss Pursell who is a cousin of Dr. Kniffen's slept with Mrs. Kniffen. No one else was in the house. Miss Pursell's version of the affair is that she was awakened by Mrs. Kniffen, who said there were burglars in the room, and then Miss Pursell was seized by some one and knows no more about it. Articles were found strewn over the floor, but nothing was stolen so far as known. Dr. Kniffen returned home next day. The police at once took possession of the premises and put a guard over the actions of both Dr. Kniffen and Miss Pursell, the theory being that the latter was in love with her cousin, the doctor, and that the murder was committed by her to remove the obstacle to their marriage. An inquest was held on Wednesday of last week, and by advice of her counsel Miss Pursell declined to answer any question when called as witness. She and Dr. Kniffen were then put under formal arrest, but were released on Thursday on habeas corpus proceeding, under $20,000 bail.

While there are some slightly suspicious circumstances about this case, there is nothing but circumstantial evidence, and so far as has been made public, this is by no means strong enough to put the accused on trial for murder. Mrs. Kniffen died from the effect of chloroform, and Miss Pursell alleges that she too was chloroformed. Mrs. Kniffen was an invalid and Miss Pursell is a robust girl, which would account for the different effects upon them. Miss Pursell is worth $20,000 in her own right, she is a stenographer and typewriter, and has always shown an aversion to the society of men. She is related to the family of that name in Columbia County and all who know her scout the idea of her doing such a deed. Her brother, David Pursell has visited Bloomsburg, and is personally acquainted here.

It is said that the arrest was intentionally brought about by the accused persons. They were suspected and virtually under arrest from the first; the papers had published all sorts of sensational reports, and the counsel of Dr. Kniffen and Miss Pursell felt that they could the sooner clear themselves of all suspicion. It is a curious case and will be watched with interest.

A Chattel-Mortgage Law Needed in Pennsylvania.

The system of placing mortgages upon goods and chattels, as well as upon real estate, is in operation in *all* the States and Territories of the United States excepting Pennsylvania. Why the manufacturers and business men of our State should be deprived of the benefits of such a law has often been asked, but we have never seen it satisfactorily answered. In other States there is no difficulty in placing chattel mortgages on record, nor has the law operated disadvantageously in any way. It has, on the other hand, been of great assistance to manufacturers by enabling them, in times of great pecuniary stringency in the financial world, to obtain money advances upon machinery and valuable goods, when the banks are unable or unwilling to afford the usual discounts.

Probably no class of manufacturers are more inconvenienced by the absence of such a law than the printers, lithographers and bookbinders of Pennsylvania. Owning, as they do, machines that cost from one thousand to thirty thousand dollars each, of a character easily described and readily identified, and all of which may have been fully paid for, these manufacturers of books and newspapers are unable to place any *legal* incumbrances upon their machinery, at any percentage on its value, to raise funds for business needs.

It is very true that the strict Pennsylvania laws have been evaded, in some cases, by "quiet" bills of sale, which, without possession of the goods, are of no real value; by various subterfuges by the way of "borrowed and received" contracts, which have been decided against as "conditional sales," and by numerous forms of leases, which have seldom been sustained by our courts when appealed to by debtors. Few business men care to risk their money on such doubtful expedients; hence the necessity for the passage of a chattel-mortgage law that will enable a capitalist to advance money upon chattels as securely as upon real estate, protected by deeds duly recorded in the office of the county clerk or recorder, where access can at all times be had to the records to ascertain the claims filed against individuals or firms.

Let the printing and paper-trade interests unite in urging the passage of such a law, to enable our citizens to become possessed of the facilities and security afforded by the chattel-mortgage laws of other States.—*Printer's Circular.*

We take pleasure in noticing the January number of CHAT, which has just come to our table. Among the many smaller magazines we do not see any so bright, interesting and enterprising as the little visitor. There are two new features in this issue—"Fashion Talks," illustrated, and the first of series of Paris Letters. They are both good additions and excellently made up. The College Papers are continued by Miss Regina K. Crandall, all Smith College, Mass., who writes splendidly on "Fabels, Facts and Fancies." That excele nt Boys' and Girls' Story, "Erling the Bold," a tale of the Norse Sea Kings is also continued. Besides, there are the usual short completed stories, and papers devoted to Zig-Zig Sketches, Flowers, the Invalid's Corner, Young Folks' Miscellany, selected Poetry, etc.—all put together in most attractive form, placing CHAT in the forefront of the low cost magazines. 48 pages. Yearly subscription, $1.00. Specimen may be had by sending 5 ct. stamp to P. O. Box 573. CHAT PUBLISHING Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

His Eyes Went Back On Him.

THE REMEDY FOR A MAN WHO SAW A WOODS FULL OF COONS.

"Doctor," said a red faced and water eyed man from Wayne township, as he came into Dr. Babcock's office, in Hammondsport, the other day. "I'm afraid my eyes is goin' back on me, and I dropped in to kind o' see if I can find out where they're lame."

"Ah!" said the doctor. "What seems to be the matter with your eyes?"

"That's what I don't know," replied the man, "but they played me a trick t'other day that don't leave no room for doubt but what there's somethin' out o' gear with 'em, somehow. I'll give you the symptoms. Maybe you don't know that I'm quite a coon hunter, but I am. T'other day my boy bought one o' these britch loadin' and repeatin' shotguns, and I told him I'd go out and see how it'd work on a coon. I went out and hadn't gone more than a mile up the hill before I seen a big coon pop on to the limb of a chestnut tree. He came there so sudden that I couldn't get it through me where he had come from and how he got there. But I didn't stop to ask no questions, but up and blazed away. Now, I've got the name over way, Doc, of never missing anything I shoot at, and of course when I pulled up and whanged away at that coon I expected to see him tumble, but he didn't. When the smoke cleared away he sot there just as he was when I seen him first. I was surprized, now I tell you. I thought it was the gun's fault, but blazed away again. The coon never moved. I happened to look, somehow or other, at a tree off to the right of the one the coon was in, and there sot another coon on a limb. I thought I'd try my luck on him, and so I let him have a shot. He never stirred. I begun to get mad by this time, and durin' a little conversation I was havin' with myself about the gun I happened to glance at a tree to the left of the first tree, and there on a limb was another coon. I tried my luck on the third coon and didn't hit him no more than I did t'other two. I looked at the first tree; there was that coon settin' right where he was when I first seen him. I looked at the second tree and there was that coon still on the limb. I turned my head towards another tree and there I seen a fourth coon, and lookin' around me whichever way I might every tree I seen had a coon in it, and all as fat as coons could be. I got wild. "'Thunder!' I hollered, here's the woods full o' coon, and I han't got nothing but this new-fangled gun that won't hit a barn.'

"But I begun to blaze away as fast as the gun could spit a cartridge, fust at one coon and then at another, until every darn load was emptied out o' the gun and I hadn't dropped a coon. I was jist going to slat that gun to flinders against a tree when I happened to rub my eye, and when I took my hand down there on my finger was a nice, jolly, fat wood louse. I looked up, but every coon was gone. The fact o' the matter is, Doc, that wood louse had been hangin' on to one of my eye-winkers all the time, and I thought I was seeing coons. Be I gittin' near-sighted, or is the optic nerve doublin' up on me.

"Neither one," said the doctor. "Have your hind pocket in your hunting pants out down from quart size to half-pint and you'll be all right."

The man went out shaking his head, and said he'd think about it.—*Chicago Herald.*

How Nickles and Pennies are Made.

Some information on the subject of an interestiag contract awarded by Uncle Sam to the firm of Merchant & Co., metal dealers in Philadelphia, Chicago, etc., for furnishing the raw mateiral for minting certain current coin of this realm, may not be unwelcome to our readers. The copper used in the manufacture of pennies is of the very best quality. The metal is shipped in bulk from the mines to the factories of Merchant & Co. in Connecticut. There it is rolled and stamped out in circles of the requisite size. These circles are perfectly plain, with the exception of the raised or milled edge. At this stage the pieces intended for pennies are as bright as gold pieces, while those intended for nickles resemble highly polished silver. In this condition they are delivered to the mint. Of course it is absolutely necessary that all the pieces should be of uniform size and weight. The transfer from the factory to the mint is made, and the number of pieces in a package is reckoned by its weight. To find out how many small coins the amount of nickel and copper contracted for at present will make, multiply the number of pounds of copper by 100, and the number of pounds of nickel by 70. This calculation will show that the metal now about to be made up into coin, will make 35,000 nickels and 100,000 pennies. One hundred pennies, therefore, weigh exactly one pound. When these pieces reach the mint, they are subjected to the finishing process, which consists in stamping them with the denomination lettering and characters seen on the coins when they reach the public. To accomplish this, great pressure is needed, as the pieces are not heated again after leaving the factory the amount of pressure required is simply enormous, considering the size of the pieces. The copper pennies require a pressure of ten tons avordupois, while with the nickle pieces it is necessary to put on a pressure of from twelve to fifteen tons.

LITERARY NOTES.

A fine new portrait of the late Robert Browning, detached and printed on plate paper, accompanies the January number of BOOK NEWS (John Wanamaker, Philadelphia). The magazine contains a sketch of the poet's life, and a review of his last work, "Asolanda," which includes several of his new poems. There are the usual number of reviews and articles of general interest to book lovers, one especially interesting on Miss Amelia B. Edwards, with her portrait. The descriptive price-list of new books covers over thirteen pages.

The dowager empress of Germany, widow of the emperor William, died of "La Grippe" at Berlin last week.

YELLOWSTONE PARK.

HOW THE NATIONAL RESERVE IS GUARDED FROM VANDALS.

The surveillance of the Park is in the hands of the military, and in good hands, too. The present superintendent is Captain Boutelle, of the First Cavalry, who succeeded Captain Harris at the beginning of the season. Under the old system a civic superintendent and nine assistants were supposed to look after a tract of country nearly half as large as the State of Massachussetts, and not only prevent tourists from carrying away the geyser and hot spring formations, but also to "round up" the hunters and trappers, who would do much to deplete the national reserve of its noble game unless prevented.

There was never anything like a proper patrol of the park until it was placed under military control. Every citizen who desires to see the Park wonders preserved should rejoice in Captain Boutelle's appointment. With the aid of two companies of cavalry, one of which is stationed at Monmoth Hot Springs and the other at the Lower Geyser Basin, small detachments being placed at the other tourist centres, the regulations made by the Interior Department have been efficiently enforced and in a manner acceptable to the public.

Some persons there may be who have taken umbrage because they were permitted to despoil the geysers and springs of their beautiful deposits, but every fair-minded person cannot but rejoice that the rules against carrying away specimens are strictly and impartially carried out. Captain Bomas, of the First Cavalry, the second in command, is, like Captain Boutelle, a thorough officer and a thorough gentleman. The soldiers are an aid to tourists, not a menace, and while carefully guarding the formations from vandalism, are excellent guides.

So carefully is the "no shooting" regulation enforced that much of the game is becoming quite tame. While I was riding over the trout creek route a few days since two beautiful deer appeared by the roadside and remained there, evidently without fright, while my wagon was driven by. There are thousands of elk, a few buffalo—perhaps three hundred— mountain sheep, antelope, bears and other game within the park inclosure. The buffalo are seldom seen, but are known to exist in the eastern and southern parts of the park.—*Boston Journal.*

Abundant Room in America.

BOSTON NEGROES OPPOSE SENATOR MORGAN'S AFRICAN SCHEME.

Senator Morgan's plan to solve the race problem by encouraging the blacks to emigrate to Africa does not appeal to the colored leaders of Boston. Among the latter is Dr. James T. Still, who graduated from Harvard. He says that Senator Morgan's plan will awaken the country to the fact that there are "no Africans in America to send back." Jacob W. Powell, who is a shorthand reporter and typewriter, says: "Senator Morgan's negro colonization scheme belongs to a period fifty or more years ago. The negro is not a ward of this nation, and any attempt to remove him or treat him as such is doomed to instant and ignominious failure. The idea that the Southern Butler can do with the negro as he likes is an idea which a Northern Butler helped to drown in a sea of blood thirty years ago. What the black man wants, North and South alike, is justice—a just recognition of his inherent manhood and a fair chance to prove his manly qualities before the world. Colonization schemes may look very pretty in Senator Morgan's mind's eye, but no such scheme will amount to anything which does not spring from the more enlightened thoughts and wishes of the negro himself; and then it will only affect those who beleive that their special interests lie in new fields of physical an intellectual endeavor.

Isaac S. Mullin, who holds a responsible position in the State Board of Police, says that no proposition, voluntary or otherwise, can or will induce the majority of the colored people of the South to leave a country where for over two hundred and fifty years they have been the bone and sinew of what little industry the South has enjoyed.

"The fact that they can no longer be held as chattels and sold as beasts by those who attempted to destroy this Government is one reason, perhaps," said Mr. Mullin, "why Senator Morgan and others of that stripe desire these people to leave a prosperous and civilized country. There have been negro bank presidents, cashiers and tellers, but they lost their occupations when the Freedmen's Bank ceased to exist through no cause of the negro defaulters."

Mr. Mullin says the negro is here to stay, and that America is big enough for all, irrespective of color, creed or previous condition.

A NEW SUBMARINE BOAT.

A LITTLE VESSEL THAT DIVES AND MOVES BY ELECTRICITY.

The Goubet, the name of the boat built by a private firm at the expense of the State, is a little boat 5.60 meters long and 1.53 meters broad. It can hold two men. The body of the craft is cast in b

The Columbian.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1890.

Laws Passed Hastily by the Legislature Give the Counties Trouble.

A DISPUTE OVER THE LENGTH OF TERMS TO WHICH THE CONSTABLES WERE ELECTED IN 1889, UNDER THE NEW STATUTE.

Chambersburg, Jan. 12—On the 14th of Feburary last, Governor Beaver signed two bills which had been rushed through both houses of the Legislature in the earlier days of the session and were intended to make important changes in the terms of certain officers to be elected at the Spring election then almost at hand.

One of these acts on account of the hasty and imperfect way in which it was drawn is likely to cause considerable trouble and confusion in every county in the state at the coming Spring elections. These bills provided for the extension of the terms of all the constables and assessors of any borough and township in the State, both real estate assessors and registration assessors, from one year to three years. The assessors' bill provided that the first election under the bill should be held on "The third Tuesday of February, 1889," and triennially thereafter, while the constables' bill provided that the first election under the bill be held on "The third Tuesday of February next" and triennially thereafter.

The intent of the assessors' law was very plain, but there was great disagreement all over the State as to the interpretation of the constable' law, whether under it, the first election would be held in 1889 or 1890. The bill was signed by the Governor only five days before the Spring elections of Feburary 19, 1889, and there was no time to obtain any judicial decision upon the matter. Here in Franklin County Judge Rowe, who had just retired from the bench, and Judge Stewart, who had succeeded him, were both of the opinion that the constables elected last Spring would serve for three years. This opinion was published but the time before the election was too short to permit of the new law being known in the remote election districts of the county and the result was a grand jumble, some districts voting for a three years' term and others for a one year term.

THE MEANING OF THE WORD "NEXT"

The same trouble occured in most of the counties of the State and a year has passed without the matter being settled. The whole difference comes from the word "next," and the dispute hangs upon the question whether the word "next" qualifies the word "February" or whether it qualifies the whole phrase "on the third Tuesday of February." In the first instance the law would mean "next February," and the first election under it could not be held until 1890, while in the second instance "the third Tuesday of February next" would mean February 19, 1889, and constables elected last year would hold office for three years.

Now that the Spring elections are approaching, the matter is again being agitated. The question is very important one as it concerns perhaps several thousand officers, the constables being in many instances, tax collectors also.

The State Department at Harrisburg, during the past week has been deluged with inquiries from all parts of the State asking for an interpretation of the law, but this was in every instance refused and all applicants referred to the statute.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S AID INVOKED.

An application was also made to Attorney General Kirkpatrick from Fulton county, last week, for an opinion upon the subject, but the Attorney General replied that the matter had not come before him in such a case as to justify him in expressing an official opinion.

So far is known, Judge Pershing, of Schuylkill county, is the only judge in the State who has had the question before him. The case is not reported, but his decision is said to be that the constables of last spring were elected for a term of one year, and that all constables must be re-elected at the coming election. This opinion is not concured in by the leading attorneys here. Ex Judge Rowe is emphatically of the opinion that the constables elected last year will serve for three years. Judge Stewart was of the same opinion last year, but now that he is on the bench declines to express any opinion until the matter comes before him in a test case.

In most of the townships in this county the old constables will be allowed to serve a three-year term; but in others there will be contests and the law will come before the court for interpretation when the newly elected constables present them selves to be sworn in and to have their bonds approved and commissions issued. The same difficulty is likely to occur in every other county in the State.

Council Proceedings.

Bloomsburg Pa., Jan. 9, 1890.

Regular meeting of Town Council met at usual place at 8 p. m.

Present: President Harman and Messrs. Fetterman, Ringler, Schwin and Yost.

Minutes of the previous meeting were read and upon motion approved.

Mr. Yost moved that Commissioner of Highways Housel be notified to suspend all work upon the highways until further directed by the President, except the keeping clean of crossings, etc, and such other work as can be done by one man, which work must be done by himself. Seconded by Mr. Fetterman and agreed to.

The agreement between President Harman and the building committee of the first part and David Hensinger of the second part, for the erection of the Town Hall was presented and upon motion approved.

Mr. Yost moved, seconded by Mr. Schwinn that the following resolutions be adopted:

Resolved, That whereas the architect of the Town building did not appear to make an estimate of the work done by contractor in December 1889, and the President and Secretary drew an order for five hundred dollars, Dec. 28, 1889, upon the recommendation of the building committee, that the said action of the building committee, President and Secretary, be approved, and it is also hereby further directed that hereafter upon failure of architect to make an estimate at the proper time the President and Secretary are authorized to draw orders in accordance with an estimate and recommendation made by the building committee. Agreed to unanimously.

Mr. Ringler moved that notice be given to I. W. Hartman, Isaiah Hagenbuch, Moyer Bros., Geo. E. Elwell, Sarah A. Petriken and Anna D. Billmeyer that the Town of Bloomsburg would cease the payment of rents to them on April 1st 1890. Seconded and agreed to. The report of the Commissioner of Highways for Dec. 1889, and bills and accounts were read and upon motion approved and secretary directed to issue orders for same, to the amount of $2,988 79.

On motion adjourned.

WM. B. CUMMINGS, Secretary.

Don't Give Up

because you feel blue and are troubled with that tired and all-gone feeling. Do as I did, use a bottle of Sulphur Bitters, it will make you feel like a new person; it did me.

JENNIE HOLMES, 354 Tremont Street, Boston.—1-17 2t

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, and often leads to self-destruction. Distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, loss of appetite, a faint, "all gone" feeling, bad taste, coated tongue, and irregularity of the bowels, are some of the more common symptoms. Dyspepsia does not get well of itself. It requires careful, persistent attention, and a remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acts gently, yet surely and efficiently. It tones the stomach and other organs, regulates the digestion, creates a good appetite, and by thus overcoming the local symptoms removes the sympathetic effects of the disease, banishes the headache, and refreshes the tired mind.

Distress After Eating **Sick Headache** **Heartburn** **Sour Stomach**

"I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed me, or did me little good. In an hour after eating I would experience a faintness, or tired, all-gone feeling, as though I had not eaten anything. My trouble, I think, was aggravated by my business, which is that of a painter, and from being more or less shut up in a room with fresh paint. Last spring I took Hood's Sarsaparilla—took three bottles. It did me an immense amount of good. It gave me an appetite, and my food relished and satisfied the craving I had previously experienced." GEORGE A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

BRIGGS'

HEADACHE - TROCHES

—FOR—

SICK HEADACHE

—IN ITS—

Nervous, Bilious, or Congestive Forms.

This Remedy is the perscription of one of the leading physicians of Paris, France, and was used by him with unparalleled success for over thirty years, it was first given to the public as a proprietary medicine in 1878. Since which time it has found its way into almost every country on the face of the globe, and become a favorite remedy with thousands of the leading physicians. Medical societies have discussed its marvelous success at their annual convention, and after careful chemists have analyzed it and found that it contained no opiates, bromides or other harmful ingredients placed it among their standard remedies.

TESTIMONIAL.

L. R. BROWN, M. D., 33 West Jersey St.,

ELIZABETH N. J. June 28, 1889.

This is to certify that I have used for some months with much satisfaction, the combination of remedies, for Headache, known as Briggs' Headache Troches. The remedy cures more headache, especially such as affect Nervous Women, than anything I am acquainted with, and if this certificate will be the means of bringing it to the favorable attention of sufferers from that trouble, I shall feel that I have done them a service.

L. R. BROWN.

PRICE; 25 CENTS.

Sold by all Druggists, or sent by Mail on Receipt of Price.

Briggs' Medicine Co., ELIZABETH, N. J.

9-27-1y.

Cures Liver Complaint, Bilious Affections, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, Sick Stomach, Giddiness, Costiveness, Dyspepsia Kidney trouble and all delicate Female Complaints. Sold everywhere. Price 25 cents.

LAXADOR **LAXADOR**

DREXEL'S COLOGNE

Fragrant! Lasting!

The Leading Perfume for the Toilet and Handkerchief.

Sold by all dealers. Price 25 cts.

Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

CURES COUGHS & COLDS FOR 25 C.

SALVATION OIL

Price only 25 cts. Sold by all druggists.

Will relieve Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Sores, Burns, Wounds, Cuts, Scalds, Backache, Frostbites, Chapped Hands and Face, Gout, or any bodily pain or ailment.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great tobacco Antidote. Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

GRAND JURORS.

The following is a list of Grand Jurors for February term 1890:

Beaver—Wheeler Schlicker.
Benton—D. W. Force, Edward McHenry.
Berwick—B. D. Press, Harvey Hess. John B. Withers.
Bloomsburg—Wm. F. Bodine, H. D. Manning, Charles Rabb.
Catawissa—John Rewine, T. S. Harder, Jeremiah Yeager.
Centre—J. E. Boone, Z. T. Fowler.
Conyngham—Harry E. Evans.
Fishingcreek—Noah W. Hess.
Greenwood—Jonathan Hartman.
Hemlock—P. A. Fetterolf, C. M. Terwilliger.
Locust—Lewis Bitner.
Main—H. E. Andrews, John Michael.
Mt. Pleasant—Henry Ale.
Sugarloaf—W. M. Clinger.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

FIRST WEEK.

Beaver—John A. Bretsch.
Benton—Benton C. Cole.
Berwick—Herbert C. Laubach, Peter J. Sult, Daniel Walburn.
Bloomsburg—O. R. Eyerly, Jacob Holder, W. H. House, Robert Hartman, C. E. Hower, C. A. Moyer.
Catawissa—Clinton Ikiis, Amos Hale, Geo. Reifsnyder, Charles Wanich.
Centre—Milton Adams, W. H. Hess, James Kocher.
Conyngham—Robert Canfield.
Fishingcreek—J. S. Campbell, B. F. Edgar.
Franklin—John Kelly.
Hemlock—Clark Pursel.
Jackson—Frank Young, Lloyd Young.
Locust—Daniel Artman.
Main—Allison Derr, J. Wesley John, John Longenberger.
Millin—George Emerick.
Orange—William Neyhard, M. A. Williams.
Roaringcreek—Solomon Moury.
Scott—Baltis White.
Pine—Wesley Sones.
Sugarloaf—D. K. S. Kile

SECOND WEEK.

Beaver—C. E. Bonninger.
Benton—Clement McHenrie.
Berwick—Abner Welsh.
Briarcreek—Samuel S. Sitler.
Bloomsburg—W. R. Allen, W. M. Lemon, Charles Ohl, W. J. Shutt.
Catawissa—Wm. G. Fisher, Lewis Hayhurst, Mayberry G. Hughes, Will McLaughlin, P. H. Shuman, John Waltz.
Conyngham—M. Doyle.
Fishingcreek—Hiram Karnes, Isiah Raber, David Yost.
Franklin—Edward Englehart.
Greenwood—Samuel Berninger, Isaac Haycock, John Morris.
Hemlock—P. S Brugler, Samuel Girton, M. B. Hughes, Amos Hartman, Mathias Whitenight, Jr.
Locust—Silas Lieby, Obadiah Yocum.
Madison—Clinton Pegg.
Main—John A. Shuman, J. C. Shuman.
Pine—James Masters.
Roaringcreek—Jacob Hoffman.
Scott—J. M. Hulshizer, Isaac Reichard.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors that the following administrators, executors, guardians accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, February 3rd, 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day.

No. 1. The first and final account of A. J. Crawford and Levi Zahner, executors, &c., of Henry C. Crawford, late of the town of Bloomsburg, Col. Co. deceased.

No. 2. First and final account of O. W Cherington, executor of Mary Ann Cherington, late of Roaringcreek township, Columbia County, deceased.

No. 3. First and final account of O. W. Cherington, executor of Rachel Cherington, late of Roaringcreek township, Columbia county, deceased.

No. 4. First and final account of Jesse J. John, executor of the last will and testament of Eliza V. Walter, late of the township of Locust, Columbia county, deceased.

No. 5. The first and final account of R. W. Brumstetter, administrator &c. of Jesse Brumstetter, late of the township of Orange, Columbia Co., deceased.

No. 6. The first and final account of A. P. Young, executor of the last will and testament of Ann Young, late of Greenwood township, Col. Co., deceased.

No. 7. First and final account of A. P. Young, administrator d. b. n. of Mercy A. Roberts, late of Columbia county, deceased.

No. 8. The first and final account of Webster Hippensteel, administrator of the Goods and Chattels, rights, and credits, which were of William Hippenstiel, late of Centre township, Col. Co. deceased.

No 9. First and final account of Geo. E. Elwell, administrator of James Commons, late of the town of Bloomsburg, Col. Co. deceased.

No 10. First and final account of M. A. Hicks, executor of the estate of J. M. J. Hicks, late of the township of Briarcreek, Col. Co. de ceased.

C. H. CAMPBELL, Register.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa., and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the Sheriff's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m.

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Locust twp., Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows viz. Beginning at a spruce and running thence by land of Daniel Stine north eighty and a half degrees east, forty-six and four-tenth perches to a stone; thence by the same and land of Michael Stine Jr., south nine and three-quarter degrees east, one hundred and ninety-three perches to a stone; thence by land of said John Brobst south eighty-three and a quarter degrees west sixty-eight and four-tenth perches to a stone on the west bank of Mercer's run; thence by land of Adam Bimmick north thirty-two degrees west thirteen perches to a spruce; thence by the same north five and one-quarter degrees west eighty and eight-tenth perches to a spruce; thence by the same north sixteen and a half degrees east thirteen perches and one-tenth to a spruce; thence by the same north thirty-seven and a half degrees east eighteen perches to a spruce; thence by the same north nine and a quarter degrees east nine and eight-tenth perches to a spruce; thence by the same north thirteen and a quarter degrees east ten and three-tenths perches to a spruce; thence north five degrees east twelve perches and six-tenth of a perch to spruce; thence north fourteen and three-quarter degrees west twenty-nine and five-tenth perches to a breast of the saw mill dam; thence north three and a quarter degrees west nine and four-tenth perches to a spruce; thence by the same north twelve degrees west sixty-six and three-tenth perches to a maple; thence by land of Daniel Stine north twenty-one and a quarter degrees east ten perches to the place of beginning, containing

SIXTY-FIVE ACRES,

seventy Perches of land, be the same more or less, on which is erected

A DWELLING HOUSE,

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of John Brobst, now to the use of Kreamer and Mann, and S. M. Hoagland vs. John T. Hawk and to be sold as the property of John T. Hawk.

JOHN B CASEY, Sheriff.

GEYER & HERRING, Attorneys.

1-9-'90.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa., on

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3rd, 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m. All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Jackson township, Columbia county, Pa., described and bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by land of Joshua Savage, on the east by land of George McHenry on the south by land of Abram Knouse and on the west by land of Joshua Savage, containing

SIXTY-SEVEN ACRES

of land, more or less, whereon are erected a

Frame Dwelling House, Barn

Hay Shed and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of E. Keeler & Co., versus B. F. Savage and to be sold as the property of B. F. Savage.

MILLER, Atty. JOHN B. CASEY, Sheriff.

1-10-'90.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of Sundry writs of Test. Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Luz. Co., Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House (in the Sheriff's office) Bloomsburg, Pa. on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 18, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following, to-wit: All that certain messuage lot or piece of ground situate in Briarcreek township, Col. Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by public road leading to Berwick, on the east by lot of Andrew Fowler, on the south by——and on the west by lot of Henry Ammerman, containing

ONE HALF ACRE OF LAND,

more or less, on which are erected a

Frame Dwelling House, Grist Mill, barn

and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of James Post and A. W. Stackhouse, executors, "bearers" vs. Jonas Crisman and to be sold as the property of Jonas Chrisman.

C. P. HANN, Attorney. JOHN B. CASEY, Sheriff.

12-27-'89.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Columbia County Agricultural, Horticultural Mechanical Association for the election of officers and the transaction of any other proper business, will be held in the Court House, Bloomsburg, on Saturday January 18, 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m.

M. P. LUTZ, Secty.

Jan. 9, '90.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Charles J. Kramer, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed an Auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of the Executor of Charles J. Kramer, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased, will meet the parties interested the on at his office in Bloomsburg, on Thursday, January, 23rd, A. D. 1890, at nine a. m. at which time and place all persons having claims against said fund will appear and present the same or be forever debarred from coming in for a sha of said fund.

ROBT. BUCKINGHAM, Auditor.

LICENSE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed with the Clerk of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of Columbia County their petitions for License, which will be presented to the said Court on Monday, the Twentieth day of January A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock A. M.

1. E. P. Albertson, Residence, Central. Hotel. Situate at the village of Central, in the Township of Sugarloaf at the intersection of the public road leading to Laporte, with the public road leading to Jameson City.

2. George Aurand and Harry Aurand, trading as George Aurand & Son, Residence, Bloomsburg. Hotel. Situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, on the south side of Second street, at corner of said Second street and Miller's alley, adjoining property of Joshua Fetterman, and having a frontage on said Second street of sixty-six feet.

3. Geo. W. Ash and Stewart A. Ash, trading under the firm name of Ash & Bro., Residence, Briarcreek twp. Distillers. Situate in a room in the northeast corner of the second floor of the flouring mill owned by Charles Ash and G. W. Ash, said mill being situated in Briarcreek township, bounded on the north by lot of G. W. Ash and Stewart Ash, on the east by land of Eli Whitney's estate, south by the public road and west by land of C. and G. W. Ash.

4. Thomas Boran, Residence, Centralia Borough. Restaurant. Situate in said borough of Centralia, at the corner of Railroad and Paxton streets on the west side of Locust Avenue, on a lot being 25 feet front on Railroad street and 68 feet deep on Paxton street, being the southeast corner of said Railroad and Paxton streets.

5. George W. Billman, Residence, Conyngham township. Hotel. Situate in said township, on a plot of ground, bounded on the north by lands of James Kostenbauder, on the east by a public road leading to Ashland, on the south by a public road or street, and on the west by lands of the Lehigh Valley Company.

6. Grovanni Bucci or John Bush, Residence, Jameson City. Restaurant. Situate in Sugarloaf township, on a lot described as follows: westwardly by the main public road leading from Central to Jameson City, northwardly, eastwardly and southwardly by lands now or late of J. H. and A. M. Vanoakie.

7. Rinehard Berger, Residence, Berwick. Restaurant. Situate in the borough of Berwick, on the south side of Front street between Market and Mulberry streets, bounded on the north by Front street, on the south by an alley, on the east by John Hill's land and on the west by other land of R. Berger.

8. Joseph Bakey, Residence, Centralia. Restaurant. Situate in Borough of Centralia, on Railroad Avenue, bounded on the north by said Railroad Avenue, on the east by lot of Mrs. W. H. Price, on the south by an alley and on the west by lot of Joseph Zelgler.

9. Thomas Collins, Residence, Centralia. Restaurant. Situate in borough of Centralia, bounded on the north by lot of James Gannon, on the east by an alley, on the south by lot of John Spring and on the west by Locust Avenue aforesaid.

10. Norman Cole, Residence, Sugarloaftwp. Distillery. Situate in Beaver township, on the Sunbury, Hazleton and Wilkes-Barre railroad, south of Mifflin Cross Roads, bounded on the north by said railroad and on the east, south and west by lands of Allnas Cole.

11. John L. Crawford, Residence, Light Street. Hotel. Situate on the east side of Main street in the town of Light Street, in Scott township.

12. Daniel F. Curry, Residence, Centralia. Hotel. Situate in borough of Centralia, on the north west corner of Locust Avenue and Centre street, bounded on the north by lot owned by C. M. Murphy, on the east by Locust Avenue, on the south by Centre street and on the west by an alley.

13. Allnas Cole and Howard S. Cole, trading as A. Cole & Son, Residence, of Allnias Cole, Orange township. Residence of Howard S. Cole, Sugarloaf township. Distillery. Situate in Sugarloaf township, along Coles' Creek, about one mile north of the town of Coles Creek, in the dwelling house occupied by said Howard S. Cole, and adjoining said distillery premises on the south, said distillery and dwelling house being situated on the east side of Coles Creek aforesaid.

14. Lemuel Drake, Residence, Benton. Hotel. Situate in the village of Benton, on the Main street of said village and known as the Exchange Hotel.

15. Charles H. Dietterick, Residence, Buckhorn. Hotel. Situate in the town of Buckhorn, on the northwest corner of the Main street of said village and the public road to Danville.

16. B. F. Edgar and Samuel Smith, trading as B. F. Edgar & Co. Residences, Fishingcreek township. Distillers. Situate in Fishingcreek township in the basement of the dwelling house now owned and occupied by said B. F. Edgar, situated on the public road leading from the public road known as the State road to Stillwater, bounded on the north by land of said H. F. Edgar, on the east by said public road, on the south by said distillery premises and on the west by other land of said B. F. Edgar.

17. Reece Fatzman, Residence, Orangeville. Hotel. Situate in Orangeville, Orange township, bounded on the north by lot of Calvin Herring, on the east by public road leading from Bloomsburg to Benton, on the south by lot of Dr. O. A. Mcargell, and on the west by a public road.

18. J. H. Fowler and J. W. Lore, trading as J. H. Fowler & Co., Residences, Pine township. Distillers. Situate in Pine township, in the basement of the dwelling house occupied by said J. W. Lore and situated in said Pine township adjoining the distillery premises aforesaid, bounded on the north by land of Isaac Dirk, on the east by public road leading from Millville to Unityville, on the south by said distillery premises, and on the west by land of J. H. Fowler.

19. Charles Fetterman, Residence, Centralia. Hotel. Situate in Centralia borough on a lot bounded on the north by lot of Geo. W. Davis, deceased, on the south by lot of Patrick Brady, on the east by an alley, and on the west by Locust avenue of said borough containing 25 feet front on said Locust avenue and 140 feet in depth.

20. Samuel Fegley, Residence, Catawissa. Restaurant. Situate in town of Catawissa, Catawissa township, on Main street, bounded on the east by Second street, on the south by Main street, on the west by lot of Robert Graham, and on the north by an alley.

21. James H. Fairman, Residence, Berwick. Restaurant. Situate on Front street in Berwick borough, between Market and Mulberry streets, south side, bounded on the north by Front street, on the south by an alley, on the east by an alley, and on the west by land of Moses Mickle.

22. A. H. Folmer, Residence, Eyers Grove. Hotel. Situate in the village of Eyers Grove, Greenwood township, on a lot bounded on the east by the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Millville, on the north by the public road leading to Jerseytown, on the west by an alley, and on the south by lot of F. P. Johnson.

23. Peter Gross, Residence, Bloomsburg. Bottler. Situate in the town of Bloomsburg, on Main street in Scott-town, bounded on the north by lot of Mrs. Shoemaker, and on the south by Leonard street.

24. John W. Goldsworthy, Residence, Centralia, Hotel. Situate in Centralia borough, on the west side of Locust avenue, adjoining lot of Michael O'Hara on the north, and lot of Mrs. Wm. Peiffer on the south.

25. J. L. Girton, Residence, Bloomsburg. Hotel. Situate in the town of Bloomsburg, on the south side of Main street, between the hardware store of J. K. Schuyler & Co. and the clothing store of D. Lowenberg's estate, and known as the St. Elmo Hotel.

26. Frederick M. Gilmore, Residence, Bloomsburg. Restaurant. Situate in the town of Bloomsburg, on the north side of Second street of said town, in the same place now occupied by him, and known as Brower's Block.

27. William Gigger, Residence, Bloomsburg. Hotel. Situate in town of Bloomsburg on the northwest corner of East and Sixth streets, on a certain lot of ground bounded on the north by lot of Hoyt's heirs, on the east by East street, on the south by sixth street, and on the west by an alley.

28. Wm. H. Gilmore, Residence, Bloomsburg. Restaurant. Situate in the town of Bloomsburg, bounded on the north by Ridge alley, on the east by lot of N. J. Hendershott, on the South by Main or Second street, and on the west by Miller's alley.

29. Mary Hazledine, Residence, Rupert. Hotel. Situate in Rupert, in Montour township, on a lot of ground adjoining lands now of W. M. Monroe, a public road, and lands of John G. Quick.

30. Chauncy B. Ikeler, Residence, Benton. Hotel. Situate in the village of Benton, in Benton township, on the northwest side of Main street, on the north by a public road leading from Main street to the B. & S. R. R., on the east by the Main street of said village, on the south by lot of Keller Bros., and on the west by an alley, being about sixty-six feet front on said Main street, and about 200 feet deep.

31. John L. Kline, residence Conyngham township. Hotel. Situate in Conyngham township, on the public road leading from Numedia to Centralia, bounded on the north by lands of said John L. Kline, on the east by public road aforesaid, on the south and west by other lands of said John L. Kline.

32. Nathan Knorr, residence Numedia. Hotel, situate in Numedia, in Locust township at the intersection of the road leading from Catawissa to Centralia, with the public road leading from Numedia to Berwick, on the east by lot of land, bounded on the north by lands of Mary Fox, on the east by land late of Harman Fahringer, on the south by said public road leading from Numedia to Berwick and on the west by said public road leading from Catawissa to Centralia.

33. Hester Kistler, residence Catawissa. Hotel situate in the town of Catawissa, in Catawissa township, on the corner of Main and Second streets, on the east by second street, on the north by Main street, on the south by an alley and on the west by land of Polly Dyer.

34. John Knies, residence Millmsville. Hotel, situate in Millmsville, Millin township, on the north side of Third street of said Village of Millmsville on a lot bounded on the north by second street, on the east by a lot of Emanuel Kirkendall, on the south by said Third street, and on the west by lot of George Miller deceased, estate.

35. Joseph Kleckner, residence Espy. Hotel, situate in Village of Espy, in Scott township, on the north side of Main road leading from Bloomsburg to Berwick, bounded on the north by an alley, on the east by the road leading from said Main road to the Delaware Lackawanna & Western Railroad depot, on the south by said Main road or Main street of Espy and on the west by lot of Stephen Pettit.

36. D. J. Kelly, Residence, Centralia. Hotel, situate on Locust avenue, in the borough of Centralia, bounded on the north by lot of C. B. Millard, on the east by Locust avenue, on the south by lot of Conner Sloman and on the west by an alley.

37. H. J Kelly, Residence, Centralia. Wholesale as an Agent. Situate on Locust avenue in the Borough of Centralia, bounded on the north by lot of C. B. Millard, on the east by Locust avenue, on the south by lot of Catharine Morrison and on the west by an alley.

38. George H. Leffler, Residence, Conyngham township. Hotel. Situate in Locust Dale in Conyngham township, on the north side of public road leading towards Ashland, and being a two story frame building fifty feet front and about sixty-six feet deep.

39. Benjamin Lewis, Residence, Jamison City. Hotel. Situate in Jamison City in Sugarloaf township, bounded on the north by Market street, eastwardly by Water street of said town, southwardly by lot of M. J. Tripp, and westwardly by an alley, and containing in front along said Water street forty feet, and seventy feet in depth along said Market street.

40. Rohr McHenry and Lafayette Keeler, trading as Rohr McHenry & Co., Residence, Benton township. Distillers. Situate in Benton township, on the public road leading from the town of Benton to Derrs Postoffice, adjoining the Distillery premises, bounded on the north and east by other lands of Rohr McHenry, on the south by lands of Rohr McHenry & Co., and on the west by lands of Rohr McHenry.

41. Samuel Mulosky, Residence, Centralia. Restaurant. Situate in Centralia Borough on Locust avenue, bounded on the north by lot of H. J. Kelly, on the east by said Locust Avenue, on the south by lot of George W. Davis and on the west by an alley.

42. John McDonnell, Residence, Centralia. Restaurant. Situate in Centralia Borough, bounded by lot of John Moran on the south, lot of O. B. Millard on the west, Railroad street on the north, and Andrew Rooney on the east.

43. John Monroe, Residence, Germantown. Restaurant. Situate in Germantown, Conyngham township, bounded on the east by property of Bridget shields, on the south by land of Locust Mountain Co. on the west by property of Mrs. J. an Casey, and on the north by public road leading to Mt. Carmel.

44. Arthur McLaughlin, Residence, Centralia. Hotel Situate in Centralia Borough, on the southeast corner of Locust avenue and Park streets in said borough.

45. Arthur J. McLaughlin, Residence, Centralia. Wholesale. Situate in Centralia Borough on the southeast corner of Locust avenue and Park streets of said borough.

46. J. B. McHenry, Residence, Benton. Hotel. Situate in the village of Benton, in Benton township, on the Main street of said village, adjoining lots of Mr. T. C. McHenry and Olive Hess, and known as the "McHenry House."

47. Edward McFadden, Residence, Centralia. Restaurant. Situate in Centralia Borough, on Locust avenue, bounded on the north by property of George W. Davis Jr., on the south by property of Dr. E. M. Lashelle.

48. George W. Miller, Residence, Briarcreek township. Hotel. Situate in Briarcreek township, bounded on the east by A. R. Adleman, on the south by Gibeon Michael and Stephen Michael, on the west by Philip Sponey and Moses Markle and other land, north by John H. Suit's land in Briarcreek.

49. Edward P. McCormick, Residence, Berwick. Hotel. Situate in Berwick Borough, on Front street, bounded on the north by Front street, on the east by Market street, on the south by Canal street, and on the west by R. Berger and Charles Haas, and known as "Cross Keys Hotel."

50. John S. Mann, Residence, Bloomsburg. Hotel. Situate in the town of Bloomsburg, on the northeast corner of Second and Centre streets in said town.

51. John Nertney, Residence, Centralia. Restaurant. Situate in Centralia Borough adjoining lot of D. F. Curry on the north, on the east by an alley, on the south by lot of of Ellen Cane, and on the west by said Centre street, said house being a two story frame building.

52. John Nertney, Residence Centralia. Wholesale Liquor Store. Situate in Centralia Borough, on Centre street, adjoining lot of D. F. Curry, on the north, on the east by an alley, on the south by lot of Ellen Cane, and on the west by said Centre street, said house being a two story frame building.

53. Johanna O'Connor, Residence, Centralia. Wholesale. Situate in Centralia Borough, on the west side of Locust avenue adjoining lots of Michael O'Conner on the south, and lot of Albert Hall's on the north, said building being a two story frame dwelling house.

54. Amandus Pfeiffer, Residence, Centralia. Hotel. Situate in Centralia Borough, bounded on the south by lot of James Goldsworthy heirs, on the east by Locust avenue, on the south by Main street, and on the west by an alley, said house being a two and one story frame house.

55. J. W. Perry, Residence, Sugarloaf township. Hotel. Situate in Sugarloaf township, bounded on the north by land of Rants & Myers, on the east by land of —— Savage heirs, on the south by land of Elijah Hess, and on the west by land of Elijah Hess.

56. Andrew Rooney Jr., Residence, Centralia. Restaurant. Situate in Centralia Borough, on the east side of Locust avenue, bounded on the north by lot of B. F. Burke, on the west by an alley, on the south by the Edward Curley lot and on the west by Locust avenue.

57. James M. Reilly, Residence, Centralia. Restaurant. Situate in Centralia Borough, bounded on the west by Locust Avenue, on the north by lot of Andrew Rooney, on the east by an alley and on the south by lot of Owen Cain.

58. Alfred Rarig, Residence, Benton. Restaurant. situate in the village of Benton on a lot of ground bounded on the north by lot of Caroline McHenry, wife of Rohr McHenry, on the east by lot of Ira Hess, on the south by public road leading from Benton to Cambra, and on the west by public road leading from Benton to Mohrsburg.

59. George W. Reifsnyder, Residence Catawissa, Hotel situate in the town of Catawissa, in Catawissa township, on corner of Main and Second streets, bounded on the east by other landsof Annaleufsnyder, on the west by Second st., on the south by Main street and on the north by an alley. Known as "Susquehanna Hotel."

60. Cortez B. Robbins, Residence Bloomsburg, wholesale. Situate in the town of Bloomsburg, on the north side of second street, bounded northwardly by Ridge alley, eastwardly by lot of Mrs. Lucinda Beecholtz, southwardly by said second street, and westwardly by lot of E. B. Brower.

61. Stephen S. Rhawn, Residence Catawissa, Restaurant, situate in the town of Catawissa, in Catawissa township, bounded on the east by lands of peiffer, on the west by an alley, on the north by Main street, and on the south by an alley.

62. A. K. Smith, Residence Jerseytown, Hotel, situate in Jerseytown, in Madison township, on the public road leading from Buckhorn, Columbia county, to White Hall, in Montour county, bounded on the north by said public road, on the east by lands of C. Kreamer and Samuel Brugler, J. C. Frutt and E. F. Wellver, on the south by land of William Johnson's Estate, and on the west by public road leading from Millville to Washingtonville.

63. George W. Sterner, Residence, Bloomsburg hotel situate in the town of Bloomsburg, on the north side of Second street, corner of Murray alley and said street, known as the Sterner Block, adjoining lands of C. S. Furman, William Neal, and the said alley and street.

64. Chester Stiltz, Residence, Jamison City, Hotel, situate in Sugarloaf township, in Jamison City, on a lot of ground adjoining Market street in the northwestern division of said place, containing one acre and forty-eight perches and known as the "Manor Rest Inn."

65. Addison W. Shuman, Residence, Mainville, Mainville, Hotel, situate in Main township in town of Mainville on the main road leading from Catawissa to Beaver Valley, adjoining lot of J. R. Longenberger, on the east by land of J. B. Yetter on the south, by said road on the west, and on the north by lot of M. M. Campbell.

66. Mary C. Smith, Residence, Beaver township. Hotel. Situate in Beaver township, bounded on the west by public road leading from Catawissa to Ringtown, on the east by lands of C. A. Shuman, and on the north and south by the same.

67. Bernard Stobner, Residence, Bloomsburg. Restaurant. Situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, on the south side of Second street, bounded northwardly by said Second street, eastwardly by lot of John K. Lockard, southwardly by an alley adjoining the Exchange Hotel property, and westwardly by an alley adjoining said Exchange Hotel property.

68. Franklin L. Shuman, Residence, Catawissa. Hotel. Situate in Catawissa, Catawissa township, on corner of Pine and Railroad streets, bounded on the north by Pine street, on the west by Railroad street or alley, on the south by lands of F. L. Shuman, and on the east by lands of Angelina Shuman.

69. Benjamin F. Sponenberg, Residence, Berwick. Hotel. Situate in borough of Berwick, bounded on the east by land of Dr. A. B. McCrea, on the west by Market street, north by Front street, south by Canal street or Dug road, known as St. Charles Hotel.

70. William B. Taylor, Residence, Bloomsburg. Bottler. Situate in the town of Bloomsburg, bounded northwardly by land of N. J. Hendershott, east by Caleb Barton, south by Main or Second street, and west by other land of N. J. Hendershott.

71. August Thiele, Residence, Berwick. Bottler. Situate in the borough of Berwick, on Canal street, bounded on the south by Canal street, on the east by land of Sarah Baker, on the north by land of Sarah Baker, and on the west by Rinkman land.

72. William H. Tubbs, Residence, Bloomsburg. Hotel. Situate on the south side of Second street on a lot bounded northwardly by said Second street, eastwardly by an alley and the Opera House lot, southwardly by Pine alley, and westwardly by Whitman's alley, known as the Exchange Hotel.

73. C. W. Turner, Residence, Orangeville. Hotel. Situate in the village of Orangeville, in Orange township, on the northeast corner of Pine and Main streets, and known as the Orangeville Hotel.

74. Boyd R. Yetter, Residence Mainville, Hotel. Situate in the town of Mainville, township of Main, on a lot of land bounded as follows: On the west by Catawissa creek, on the south by land of Charles Reichart, on the east by land of Cleaver Mensinger, and on the north by land of J. W. Shuman.

75.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity trength and wholesomeness. More economical han the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in ompetition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only to ans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N.Y.

The Columbian

Published every Friday. Subscription price, $1.00 a year.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1886.

BLOOMSBURG, PA

FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1890.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains on the P. & E. R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:33 a. m.	11:02 a. m.
3:31 p. m.	6:23 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:12 a. m.	9:32 a. m.
10:57 a. m.	12:06 p. m.
2:35 p. m.	4:15 p. m.
6:36 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:46 a. m.	12:37 p. m.
4:36 p. m.	4:30 p. m.
SUNDAY.	
NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:48 a m	6:59 p m

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN RAILROAD

Taking effect MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1889.

	SOUTH.			NORTH.		
STATIONS.	Ar. P. M.	Ar. A. M.	Ar. A. M.	Lv. A. M.	Lv. P. M.	Lv. P. M.
Bloomsburg,	6 28	11 48	7 05	8 35	2 35	6 40
Main Street	6 16	11 41	6 58	8 42	2 42	6 47
Irondale	6 10	11 29	6 56	8 45	2 45	6 50
Paper Mill	6 08	11 31	6 48	8 53	2 53	7 00
Lightstreet	6 05	11 28	6 43	8 56	2 56	7 03
Orangeville	5 57	11 20	6 35	9 05	3 07	7 10
Forks	5 45	11 10	6 25	9 15	3 17	7 20
Zaner's	5 42	11 06	6 21	9 20	3 20	7 23
Stillwater	5 37	11 02	6 17	9 25	3 25	7 28
Benton	5 26	10 55	6 10	9 35	3 35	7 35
Edsons	5 23	10 50	6 07	9 36	3 37	7 38
Coles Creek	5 20	10 45	6 05	9 38	3 40	7 40
Sugarloaf	5 15	10 42	6 02	9 42	3 43	7 44
Laubachs	5 10	10 40	6 00	9 47	3 48	7 47
Central	5 03	10 34	5 53	9 57	3 58	7 57
Jamison City	5 00	10 30	5 50	10 00	4 00	8 00
	Lv. P. M.	Lv. A. M.	Lv. A. M.	Ar. A. M.	Ar. P. M.	Ar. P. M.

—o—

SALES.

MARCH 13—M B. Eudy will sell horses, cows, wagons, farm implements, potatoes, grain, &c., in Mifflin township at 10. a. m.

FEB. 27. Horace Creasy will sell horses, cows, pigs, wagons, farm implements, and a great number of useful articles, at 10 a. m.

MARCH 6.—Geo. Brown will sell horses, cows, pigs, chickens, farm implements, &c., on his premises in Mifflin township, at 10 a. m.

The administrators of Anna Coffman dec'd., W. E. and D. R. Coffman offer at private sale, a house and lot on West Main street Bloomsburg, Pa. the late residence of deceased. tf.

FOR SALE.—A desirable and commodious residence on Main street, supplied with water, gas and steam. Apply to jan20tf. L. N. MOYER.

FOR SALE—Dwelling houses in Bloomsburg, Orangeville, Espy and Rupert Pa. Farms in Pennsylvania, Kansas and Virginia. Vacant lots in Bloomsburg. Store properties. Grist mills and other property by M. P. Lutz, Insurance and Real Estate Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa.

FOR SALE.—House and lot in Rupert, lot 120 x 140 ft. Two story, house, with nine rooms. Bay windows, out kitchen, ice and coal house, good stable, chicken and pig pen. Choice fruit, evergreen trees, good water, Two railroads, Twelve trains a day each way, to Bloomsburg, fare 8c round trip. Low taxes. A great bargain, if taken soon.

M. P. Lutz, Insurance & Real Est. Agt.

HOUSE FOR RENT.—Opposite Corell's furniture store. Apply to DR. J. R. EVANS.

Personal.

Geo. S. Robbins went to New York on Monday.

Elmer Person, city editor of the Williamsport *Republican*, spent Sunday in town.

Miss Lilla Sloan and Miss Joe McKelvy went to Philadelphia on Monday to visit friends.

Mrs. Sallie Shreiber started for Moorhead Minn., on Monday morning, having received a telegram announcing the serious illness of Mrs. Lizzie Fulton. Later dispatches contain the information that Mrs. Fulton is improving.

W. Clark Sloan has gone to Philadelphia, where he will reside hereafter. His address is S. E. Corner of 8th and Market streets. His departure is regretted by very many friends who will miss him, but it was occasioned by his accepting a position which will personally benefit him. The business of the firm of M. C. Sloan & Bros. will continue as heretofore.

C. W. Snyder the tailor has put out a bright new sign.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held on Tuesday at 3 p. m. Jan. 21.

The new town hall is going up rapidly. It will present a fine appearance when completed.

Most of the college students who were at home for the holiday vacation have returned to their respective institutions.

STONE QUARRIES—Best quality of heavy or light stone for sale by B. F. Sharpless. Jan. 20.

The Columbia County Agricultural Society will meet at the court house on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, to elect officers.

A small babe of Ellis Sleppy died Thursday of last week, and was buried Saturday. The body was taken to Danville.

A. C. Brown, who has been in New York City the last two months, came home Saturday last and remained over Sunday, returning again to New York City Monday.

Mrs. Geo Hassert met with a painful accident last week. She made a misstep and fell, breaking one of her arms at the wrist.

Some of the restorations of eye sight made by Prof. Clark, the New York Specialist, now at Wells' jewelry store, are truly wonderful, people being made to see readily who have been unable to do so for years.

Rev. Ambrose Gring A. M. first missionary sent by the Reformed church to Japan, where he labored for ten years, will lecture in the Reformed church next Sunday, morning and evening. All invited to attend.

Jacob Yeager of Slabtown was buried on Monday last. He was nearly eighty years of age, and was engaged in the mercantile business at Slabtown for many years. For a quarter of a century or more he was postmaster at that place.

The County auditors are making a careful examination of all the accounts of the Commissioners and Treasurer. They adjourned two days last week on account of the Farmers' Institute at Benton. They expect to finish their work this week.

The statement of the Bloom Poor District was audited on Monday by the town auditors. It will be printed next month.

C. M. Hower is erecting a handsome porch in front of his residence on Third street.

Kennedy, the well-known caterer of Wilkesbarre, died last Saturday from the "grippe."

Dr. S. B. Arment found some trailing arbutus out along the Fifth street road on Monday. Pansies and violets have appeared in town since Christmas.

I. W. McKelvy, J. P. Tustin, Dr. E. W. M. Low, M. G. Hughes and Myron I. Low were elected directors of the First National Bank of Bloomsburg on Tuesday morning, by the stockholders.

Aaron Hess of Mifflin, lost a valuable team of grays last week. They died from lung fever. The team was one of the finest in the county. They weighed about 2800 pounds.

Rev. I. H. Correll, one of the missionaries of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Japan, will preach in the Methodist Church of this place on next Sunday morning and evening. All are invited to come and hear him.

Since Judge Elwell went on the bench in 1863, seventeen associate judges have died in the several counties over which he has presided, namely, Columbia, Montour, Wyoming and Sullivan.

The commissioners appointed to inquire into the propriety of dividing Greenwoood township into two election districts will meet on Friday, 17th inst., at Millville Hotel.

The supper at G. S. Robbins' house last Friday night by the Young People's Guild of St. Paul's Church realized over $30, notwithstanding the fact that it was a disagreeable night.

The stock of the Great Eastern Tea Co. has been purchased by P. J. Weaver, and all the goods are being sold at a great reduction. It is an excellent chance to lay in grocery supplies very cheap.

Judge Murphy came to Bloomsburg on Friday to attend the funeral of Judge McHenry on Saturday, but his own dilicate health, and the inclemency of the weather compelled him to return home on Saturday morning.

The Philadelphia *Times* Almanac is received. It is full of valuable information, as it always is and is a welcome hand-book not only to editors but to business men and everybody else who finds it is necessary to learn something he dosen't know.

Judge Albright of Allentown will hold court on the first week of February term, beginning on Thursday. Several civil cases in which Judge Ikeler was interested as counsel have been fixed for trial at that time.

The death of Judge McHenry will give a republican governor a chance to appoint an associate Judge who will serve the balance of this year. The names of Capt. H. J. Conner, Michael Vance, John M. Buckalew and G. A. Buckingham have been mentioned for the place.

A Teachers' Institute will be held at Rohrsburg, Saturday, Jan. 18. An interesting program has been prepared. A cordial invitation to be present is extended to all. The morning session will commence at 10 o'clock, the afternoon session at 1:30.

License Court begins next Monday. There are seventy-five applications for liquor license, as will be seen by the list published in this paper. Should Judge Murphy's health not improve, Judge Ikeler will be alone upon the bench, unless the governor makes an appointment before that time to fill the vacancy caused by Judge McHenry's death.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Bloomsburg & Sullivan R. R. Company held last Tuesday morning the following persons were elected directors for the ensuing year: J. K. Grotz, W. R. Tubbs, H. J. Conner, J. H. Kershaw, W. M. Stewart, William Neal, Samuel Wigfall and Morton McMichael C. R. Buckalew was re-elected President. 89v6 shares were voted.

Miss Sallie Cathcart died at the residence of A. B. Cathcart on Saturday morning, aged 83 years. She was a sister of the late Robert Cathcart, and had lived here about four years. She was sick about a week, and died of heart failure. She was the last one of her family. The funeral was held on Monday morning, and the remains were taken to McEwensville for burial.

I. K. Appleman's house, barn and outbuildings in Mt. Pleasant township, were destroyed by fire on Monday afternoon, during the heavy gale which prevailed. Flames were discovered in the roof and were extinguished as it was supposed, but the wind fanned the flames to life again and every effort to stay it was vain. There is about $4000 insurance on the property, but this will not cover Mr. Appleman's loss.

The following letters are held at Bloomsburg, Pa., post-office, and will be sent to the dead letter office, January 28, 1890.

Mr. Johnny Cassley, Mrs. John Harper, Lydia Kester, Mrs. Susan L. Kline, Mr. John Miller, Mr. A. Judson Still, Maggie E. Sommers (5), H. C. Witmer.

Persons calling for these letters please say, they were advertised Jan. 14, 1890.

One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

A. B. CATHCART, P. M.

The following is a list of officers of the Royal Arcanum of Bloomsburg Council, No. 957:

Regent, Hugh A. Curran; Vice Regent, H. P. Chamberlin; Orator, F. H. Jenkins; Past Regent, George E. Wilbur; Secretary, George A. Clark; Collector, S. F. Peacock; Treasurer, C. S. Furman; Chaplain, H. G. Supplee; Guide, J. C. Brown; Warden, J. G. Wells; Sentry, J. K. Bittenbender.

Some of the Danville papers seem to have a special interest in Amos Appleman, and are endeavoring to make light of his recent attempt to rob the First National Bank of Bloomsburg by reporting that he is not answerable for his acts, and that his proper place would be in a lunatic asylum. It would look from this as though his friends down that way are anxious to get him back to Danville. No one will object to this, if he is proved to be a lunatic, but he was apparently neither drunk nor crazy when he made his bold attempt.

On Tuesday evening about 7 o'clock Danville switch engine, No. 138, crossed the Rupert bridge on the Catawissa railroad going toward Catawissa, the watchman having shown signals giving it the right to cross. A coal train of the N. & W. B. was coming down at the same time, and was running so fast that the engineer could not stop as required, and the result was a collision, the P. & R. engine striking the coal cars, and setting fire to them. The switch engine and a number of cars of the N. & W. B. were burned up.

During the fire last week Wednesday night the pumps at the engine house of the Water Company were turned directly into the pipes and the result was a very heavy pressure. In a number of private houses the pipes were burst by this heavy pressure, and considerable damage was done. In every house the connection with the water mains should be located where the water can be turned off from the house in case of fire anywhere in town without delay. A box at the curb is well enough, but there should also be a stop inside of the cellar.

Carolina Gaiser, wife of Rohr McHenry, died in Benton on Friday, January 10th, after a long and painful illness; aged fifty four years. She was a daughter of George Gaiser who for many years kept hotel in Fairmount township, Luzerne county, at the foot of the North Mountain. Mrs. McHenry was a benevolent christian woman, and her loss will be keenly felt in the community where she was respected and beloved by all. Her husband, and three sons, George, Charles and John, survive her. Mr. McHenry is well known all over the county, and his many friends sympathize with him in his affliction. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon, the services being conducted by Rev. D. J. Waller.

There are strong evidences that the house of the Rosemont Cemetery Company which was burned last week Wednesday night, was set on fire. The house was a double one, and was occupied by the family of Mr. Mason on the west side, and had been occupied by Mary Irvin on the east side for some time, until recently, when nearly all of her furniture but a cook stove was removed. It is apparent that the fire started on the Irvin side. In the back room on the first floor in a closet coals were found lying on the floor, some of which had burned through the floor. Fire evidently started also at the foot of the stairway, as the door was burned off, and the steps entirely destroyed. The cook stove was carried from the room after the alarm was given, and it had hot coals in it. The windows of the room in which the cook stove stood were covered, one of them having the shutters closed, and a woman's waterproof cloak tacked over the inside, and the other two being covered with oil cloth curtains, tacked down. Who started the fire is not known, but that somebody did it, with the intention of burning the building, is a certainty. The firemen did noble work, and saved the building in part, notwithstanding the high wind which prevailed. It was this that left exposed the evident preparations for incendiarism that were discovered on a close examination of the premises after the fire. Somebody entered the Irvin side and built a fire in the stove, and then threw hot coals in the closet, and also at the foot of the stairs. None of the Mason family were at home at the time.

Action of the Bar on the Death of Judge McHenry.

Pursuant to notice, a meeting of the members of the Bar of Columbia County was held in the Law Library on Friday evening, January 10th at 7 o'clock. There were present, President Judge Ikeler, Associate Judge Murphy, Messrs. Freeze, Zarr, R. R. Little, Robison, Maize, Wirt, Miller, Billmeyer, Elwell, Snyder, Freas, Smith, Herring, Yost, Peacock, Clark, Col. J. G. Freeze, President of the Bar Association presided, and called upon Mr. Zarr to state the object of the meeting. Mr. Zarr announced that the meeting was called for the purpose of taking appropriate action on the death of Judge Cyrus B. McHenry. Remarks were made by C. G. Barkley Esq., Col. Freeze and Hon. E. R. Ikeler. On motion it was resolved that the members of the bar meet at the Law Library on Saturday morning, and attend the funeral in a body.

On motion the chair appointed the following committee on resolutions: Geo. E. Elwell, G. S. Herring, J. B. Robison, J. H Maize, and R. R. Little, who made the following report:

The committee on resolutions beg leave to submit the following report:

The members of this Bar are again called to mourn the loss of an associate Judge of the courts of Columbia County in the death of Hon. Cyrus B. McHenry, who died on Wednesday, January 8th, 1890.

It is therefore directed that there be entered the following minute upon the records of the Bar Association:

Hon. Cyrus B. McHenry was appointed by Governor Pattison as an Associate Judge of Columbia County, on the 8th day of January 1837 to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Hon. James Lake. In the fall of 1887 he was elected for a full term of five years, and occupied the bench from that time up to the date of his death.

Judge McHenry was an honest man, and the Bar here expresses its full belief that in all his judicial actions he was actuated only by a desire to do right, and to decide all matters submitted to his judgment purely upon the merits of the case; and we gladly bear testimony to the fact that his judicial career was creditable to himself, and satisfactory to the public. As a private citizen he was a man of pure and upright character, and he goes to his grave leaving behind him a spotless reputation.

As a mark of respect it is suggested that the members of the Bar so far as able, will attend the funeral on Saturday, January 11th at Stillwater; and it is directed that a copy of this minute be sent to the family of the deceased.

On motion, the report was unanimously adopted.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
Sec'y. Bar Association.

Notes from Espy.

The "grip" has hold of many of our citizens.

Sunday evening, Jan. 5th, the new organ received into the Lutheran Church, and which has given general satisfaction, was dedicated to the sacred purposes of religion. It is a Newman Bro. Organ, built in Chicago and purchased of J. H. Kurzenknabe, Harrisburg, Pa., cost $75.00. All the money having been raised prior to the dedication, the Lutheran Church has certainly made a good beginning in the New Year.

The M. E. Church held its annual missionary concert Sunday evening. The exercises are highly spoken of by all who were present. The house was crowded.

Rev. Mallalieu expects to hold special services at Espy this week.

Rev. A. R. Glaze held special religious services at New Columbia all last week. Although the roads were almost impassable yet the attendance upon all the services was good and a deep interest characterized all the meetings. Twelve members were added to the church besides the four children that were baptized. The Lord's Supper was administered on last Sunday morning, 55 members communed and the collection taken for benevolence amounted to $7.77.

This week and the following Rev. Glaze will hold special services at Buckhorn.

Be Your Own Doctor!

It won't cost you one half as much. Do not delay. Send three 2-cent stamps for postage, and we will send you Dr. Kaufman's great work, fine colored plates from life, on disease, its causes, and home cure. Address A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass. 1-17-2t.

Benton Farmers' Institute.

The first Farmers' institute ever held in Benton was called to order Wednesday, evening, January 8, by C. R. Cox, chairman of local committee at 7:30, and after music by the choir, and prayer by S. P. Boone, Dr. I. L. Edwards was chosen president of the institute, Thomas Edwards and Richard Smith, vice-presidents; Miss Louie Heacock, secretary, and Miss Lizzie Heacock assistant secretary.

Dr. Edwards made the opening address, dwelling particularly upon the importance of the calling of Agriculture, and stating the object of the institute.

Music by the organist.

Hon. E. R. Ikeler was then introduced, but before entering upon his address he announced the sad intelligence of the death of Judge McHenry.

At the beginning of his address he showed the benefits to be derived from these institutes by those interested in them. He spoke of the needs of giving encouragement to children who endeavor to do well; it will prompt them to great and nobler efforts. He spoke of the influence of children. To encourage boys to stay upon the farm he recited "Don't be in a hurry to go," spoke a kind word for the women and related a little story to show the drudging she is compelled to go through for the good of the home. Told how Farmer Ben "worked his farm by the moon," contrasted the present with fifty years ago, told how direct taxation was bearing down heavily upon our farmers; denounced the law protecting corporations and declared that it was crushing out individual enterprise; referred with pride to the fact that our land is called by all nations "The garden of the Lord." Mr. Ikeler occupied about one hour and was listened to attentively. The church was well filled.

E. M. Tewksberry offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Judge Ikeler who spoke a few words in praise of the deceased:

WHEREAS, We have learned of the death of the Hon. Cyrus B. McHenry, an associate judge of the courts of Columbia County, therefore.

Resolved, That the Farmers' Institute this day, Jan. 8, 1890, in session at Benton, hereby express for the family of the deceased our heartfelt sympathy, and to the large circle of friends bereft, our condolence.

Resolved, That in the death of Judge McHenry, the farmers have lost one of our most substantial brothers, advisers and friends; the mechanics and laboring class generally, a sympathizer in all their labors, trials and privations; society one of its best members, the Christian church of which the dec'd., was an active and consistent member, a seeming irreparable loss.

Resolved, That the reporter or secretary of this meeting be authorized to furnish the family of the deceased a copy of these resolutions.

Mr. Tewksbury also spoke briefly eulogizing the late Mr. McHenry.

Music by choir. Adjourned.

Thursday morning session opened with music—"Welcome to Morning." The audience was small at the opening, but the house was soon completely filled.

Judge Ikeler being present made a few remarks complimenting the musicians.

The first essay was then called for—"Fruit Culture, and how to Grow them profitably," by D. K. Laubach, of Fairmount Springs. The subject was as well handled as could be in a brief space. He placed the apple at the head of the list of all desirable fruits. He had a number of twigs from trees affected by various insects, and showed by them how these enemies of the fruit grower did their work and how they might be thwarted, and urged united efforts to overcome them. As a whole it was a good paper. Several questions were asked, and answered by the essayist.

After a brief discussion of this paper, Phillip Harris, of Lime Ridge, was called, who read, "The Profit of Fruit Culture compared with other Farming." He gave careful comparisons of his experience with fruit and other crops for three years, which interested the audience and proved what could be done in the cultivation of fruit with proper care.

A few questions were asked, and then music was called, after which Dr. Edwards discussed, in a brief essay, the question that is uppermost in the minds of the people — "Public Roads." Considerable discussion was called forth by his essay; E. M. Tewksbury making a speech upon the subject, and also Wm. Krickbaum had a few words to say, explaining his position on the subject in the Legislature.

A motion was made that a committee of five be appointed to draw up resolutions to be submitted to this body. During the discussion of this motion the subject of roads was entirely lost sight of and partook more of the character of a political meeting. The motion was carried and Dr. Edwards, Messrs. Supplee, Tewksbury, Harris, Mensch and Chandlee Eves were appointed.

W. E. Lutz was called, who read "Science on the Farm." He made some good points, showing that knowledge is the one thing necessary for the farmer.

Adjourned with music.

Thursday afternoon, the first thing after music was a recitation by Miss Jennie Gatlert, entitled 'McClane's child." It was well rendered and reflected credit on the speaker. This was followed by E. M. Tewksbury, who showed how to maintain farm fertility. The paper was lengthy and contained many good points—too many for us to give a synopsis.

Discussion of the subject was postponed and Dr. Frear was given the floor. He gave a clear, practical talk upon the "Economies of Fertilizers." His position as chemist to the State Board of Agriculture gives him rare advantages for obtaining a thorough knowledge of fertilizers. He stated that soil could not be made wholly unproductive, and his argument proved it if proof were necessary. There is no doubt but that the farmers who listened to his lecture were interested and benefited. Close attention was given him for over an hour and when he closed a number of questions were answered by him.

The audience was then treated to music, after which N. W. Northup gave a short talk about building silos, of which he has recently became a strong advocate. The talk was thoroughly practical and very interesting.

Music. Adjourned.

Evening session opened with "The Weary Man's Paradise," by the choir.

The large church was filled to its utmost to hear Dr. Warren on "The Birds of Pennsylvania." Before the lecture, Miss Kate Swartwout read an excellent essay, "The Beautifying of Our Homes," and a recitation by Miss Lizzie Heacock, entitled "The Handsomest Man," which was encored, and coming forward again, she recited "The Owl Critic," which was loudly applauded.

Music by a male quartette and the choir.

Mr. Tewksbury offered a resolution asking the legislature to increase the appropriation to $10,000 for the purpose of holding Farmers' institutes. Carried unanimously.

Dr. Warren then took the stand and gave his interesting and instructive lecture. (Our readers having been given a synopsis of his excellent description of the feathered tribe on other occasions, we will not enter into lengthly details. He talked for over a half hour.)

"The Old House at Home", was rendered by the choir.

The committee on roads read their report, as follows:

Your committee recommend the repeal of that portion of present law wherein the taxes are worked out by the tax-payers, and that a cash tax be paid into the township treasury, and drawn therefrom upon orders of the road supervisors, consisting of three persons elected for a term of three years, one to be elected annually.

We also recommend that the construction and repairs of all roads shall be by public letting to the lowest responsible bidder, and that the work of repairs shall be let for a term not exceeding five years, in convenient sections.

That if the supervisors and contractors disagree as to the proper fulfillment of the contracts, then the township auditors shall be the judges and their decision shall be final.

We recommend that at least 20 per cent. of all taxes collected for road purposes, shall be used by the supervisor for permanent repairs—such as underdraining and macadamizing.

We recommend that the supervisors shall be allowed for their services the sum of one dollar and fifty cents per day.

I. L. EDWARDS,
Chairman.
E. M. TEWKSBURY,
THOS. MENSCH,
SAM'L ROBERTS,
CHANDLEE EVES,
JACOB GERHARD,
PHILLIP HARRIS,
Committee.

"The Duck Song," by the choir. Adjourned.

Friday morning. Music. Resolution deploring the death of Mrs. Rohr McHenry was offered by Rev. S. P. Boone as follows:

BENTON, PA., Jan. 10, 1890.

WHEREAS: We learn with regret of the death of Mrs. Rohr McHenry this morning, therefore be it

Resolved, That we the citizens of Benton and surrounding vicinity as well as the Farmers' Institute here assembled do humbly resign ourselves to the allwise Providence of God in removing from our midst one so greatly loved and esteemed by those who knew her. And while we deplore her death we extend to the grief-stricken family our heart-felt sympathy.

After the adoption of the resolution the first paper on the program, "Poultry," by Rev. S. P. Boone, was read. He confined his essay chiefly to chickens, although the different domestic fowls all received a passing notice. Many good suggestions for their care were given.

This was followed by "The Ups and Downs of the Poultry Business," by Wm. T. Creasy of Catawissa. The paper was largely statistical. Though he showed instances in which there was loss in the business, his paper went to prove that poultry was profitable under careful treatment.

The choir rendered another piece of music and then A. P. Young was called upon to tell "How to Make the Farm Pay." He advanced the theory which so many farmers adopt, viz: that farmers are subject to unjust, unequal taxation. The paper was well prepared and gave evidence of careful study of the subject by the author.

"The Merry Cow Boy," by the choir, was called for, and N. W. Northup was asked a question, which he answered, before Z. S. Stevens told in a lengthy essay what good results might be attained by careful attention to the Creamery or Dairy Business.

The remainder of the session was taken up with questions and answers relative to the creamery question.

Adjourned with music.

Friday afternoon opened with the singing of "A Hundred Years Hence," by the choir. H. M. Northup read a paper entitled. "Practical vs. Book Farming." One point which he brought out clearly was that success in farming depended largely on circumstances and location. The paper was replete with good common sense ideas which could easily be acted upon.

Mr. Townsend of Bloomsburg followed. He had, in connection with his essay, a chart showing a well trained grape vine to which he referred when telling how to train them to obtain the best results. Having made the matter of grape growing a life study Mr. Townsend's suggestions are worthy of much consideration. He was plied with questions, all of which were carefully answered.

Will M. Kitcher a rising young man of Benton, then told "How to Educate Farmers' Children." He dwelt particularly upon the necessity of making the public schools pleasant and comfortable in every way, and urged parents to visit the schools.

A little son of C. R. Cox made a speech much to the amusement of the audience.

"How to Train Our Boys" by C. R. Cox of Benton, was an essay containing many sound practical suggestions for home training.

"The Education of Girls," was on the program for Mrs. J. B. Laubach, but owing to the death of her mother, Miss Louie Heacock read it. It was carefully prepared and embodied useful hints.

Dr. McHenry who could not be present the day previous was now given an opportunity to talk about the horse, which he accepted and gave a very interesting discourse upon the subject. He took strong ground in favor of the medium sized horse and thoroughbred stock.

The last essay for the afternoon was "True Patriotism," by M. L. Kitchen of Millville. It was a well prepared paper and was read in an able manner. Although not just in the line of agriculture, it was what might be termed the trimmings to the more practical essays which preceded it. She was loudly applauded.

After some music the resolutions concerning the road question were discussed and returned to the committee.

Friday evening opened with an exceptionally full house, and after a couple of selections from the choir, Mrs. B. G. Keller of Benton recited "Old Farmer Brown."

Another selection of music and Prof. Johnson of Lewisburg was introduced who entertained the audience for about an hour. He was listened to with marked attention during the entire time.

The program being exhausted but the audience seeming still fresh Miss Lizzie Heacock was called to recite. She gave "The Bachelor Outwitted," which was well rendered and very amusing. Another selection of music and the first farmers' institute ever held in Benton closed. It was a complete success, and much credit is due to those who were instrumental in getting it up and conducting it to a successful termination.

Drunkenness—Liquor Habit—In all the World there is but one cure Dr. Haines' Golden Specific

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.—10-25ly

East Benton.

On account of conflicting opinion with regard to the law of taking suckers with certain devices, I was requested to write the "Pennsylvania Commissioners of Fisheries" and ascertain the law in relation thereto.

The following is the correspondence:

CAMBRA, LUZ. CO. PA., Dec. 24, 1889.
Henry C. Demuth, Esq.,
Lancaster, Pa.

Dear Sir:

1st. Is it lawful to take suckers with net or seine by cutting a hole in the ice and letting a net or seine down through said hole and driving suckers therein?

2nd. Is it lawful to take Suckers with spear or hook by cutting a hole in the ice and watching said hole and when Suckers pass by to spear or hook them out?

Yours truly,
JOHN C. WENNER.

[STATE SEAL.]

OFFICE OF
PENNSYLVANIA COMMISSIONERS
OF FISHERIES.

Henry C. Ford, 1823 Vine St., Phila.
James V. Long, 74 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.
H. C. Demuth, Lancaster.
S. B. Stilwell, Scranton.
A. S. Dickson, Meadville.
W. L. Powell, Harrisburg.

LANCASTER, Pa., Dec. 30th, 1889.
Mr. John C. Wenner,
Cambra, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:

In reply to your favor of the 24th inst., I would say that we have the opinion of the Atty. General of Pa. on the law in regard to fishing with nets, spearing, and other ways of taking fish, except rod and line as follows, viz:

Any fishing in the waters of Pa. (except Lake Erie and the Susquehanna river seines only) with nets, baskets, eel weirs, facine nets, or any other device, except rod, hook, and line, is illegal, whether the stream is measured in the land or not. Suckers, Catfish, Mullets, and fish of that kind have no close season, but you cannot take them with nets, or by spearing.

Yours truly,
H. C. DEMUTH.
per D.

We are not at all pleased with the law as above defined, but will take no risks with the forbidden devices, as the penalty is no trifling matter.

Mrs. Judge Krickbaum was called to Plymouth by telegram last week, as her sister, Mrs. Hannah Morgan was very poorly and not expected to live.

Protracted meeting is at present in progress at Hamilton. Rev. T. H. Tubbs is conducting the services, as Mr. Boone is sick.

A number of people are prostrated by means of various diseases, some to an alarming extent.

Our water bureau still contains a large amount of water, as it rains nearly every day.

If the fine spun theories of the experimental farmers who are the exception, were adopted and carried into successful practice and operation by the multitudinous whole as the general rule, the outlook for a market would be a more complex problem than the unjust and unequal tax question. According to the theory "a cow to every acre of cultivated land would spread the soil an inch thick with butter.

Guava.

Mr. Samuel Shultz has returned from Michigan. He is well pleased with that country and says it is the place for game, such as white and gray rabbits. He says it is no object to go out and kill a dozen or two white rabbits, for he has seen them very plenty along the road which he traveled.

E. F. Laubach of New Columbus, visited his father over Sunday, returning Monday. He reports business very good at New Columbus.

John Kile is the happiest man in our town at present. On Sunday morning he was made the happy father of a twelve pound boy.

The Farmer's Institute at Benton, was largely attended from this place. Every one feels well pleased, and say there were some grand points for farmers to observe. It was a perfect success all through.

Andrew J. Laubach has resigned going into the butcher business. He says he does not like to be out in the weather, until it changes.

Geo. B. Dilt's youngest child, became very sick last Monday afternoon. Dr. McHenry was summoned, and after administering some medicine to the child, it became much better. The Doctor says if he had not come just as he did, the child would have had convulsions.

The secret is solved at last, and boys get your bells, tin pans, and drums ready when the "Operator's better half returns. There is no doubt of their marriage now. He is called brother-in-law, and when he was home the boys were going to give him a serenading, and they had to come out and pass the cigars around before the boys would be quiet.

A little wedding passed off very quietly at Benton on last Thursday night. Mr. Berl C. Sutliff and Miss Joanna Hess, were united in the holy bonds of Matrimony, at the parsonage of Rev. Boon. Mr. Aaron Hess and Lillie Smith were the waiters. After the ceremony was over they departed to Chancey Ikeler's, where they partook of a bouncing supper. After supper they drove home. We expect another wedding soon. They say it is not as hard a task to stand up before the Minister a few minutes as it looks to be. How does that strike the young butcher?

Miss Hattie Kitchen has returned from Crawford County, and is at present visiting her sister Mrs. Dilts of this place. She says she had a very nice visit while away, and intends going back in the spring again.

Some people have the "Grippe" taken hold of them so tightly, that they are unable to leave the house. The "Grippe" is not very particular of its company; it visits the rich as well as the poor. It seems very friendly to all. Mr. Mackafee, Mr. Mann, and a host of others are afflicted with the epidemic. We hope the weather will change soon and drive away that terrible plague.

During the Farmer's Institute, J. P. Fritz, Cyrus Lariab, Jas. McHenry, B. E. Peterman and friend, B. R. Laubach, T. H. Smith took the train for Benton. Ezekiel Hess, C. M. Laubach, J. M. Lariah and wife Aaron Hess and lady, Berl Sutliff and bride and D. S. Kile drove to town.

Boyd Cole of Jamison City, was in town yesterday. He says they cut a bee tree, which contained forty pounds of honey. The tree was found by Jim Brady and men, near the site of New Philadelphia, while they were cutting logs. Mr. Brady thinks the bees have occupied the tree for several years. W. F.

To-Night and To-Morrow Night,

And each day and night during this week you can get at all druggists' Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, acknowledged to be the most successful remedy ever sold for the cure of Coughs, Croup, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma and Consumption. Get a bottle to-day and keep it always in the house, so you can check your cold at once. Price 50c and $1.00. Sample bottles free.

There are
many white soaps,
each
represented to be
"just as good as the Ivory."
They are not,
but like
all counterfeits,
they lack
the peculiar
and remarkable
qualities of
the genuine.
Ask for
Ivory Soap
and
insist upon having it.
'Tis sold everywhere.

Harman & Hassert are crowded with work in their foundry and machine shop. They felt the effect of "la grippe" very keenly. Several days last week almost their entire force was down with the disease.

To Remain Until Next Tuesday Night.

Prof. Clark the Eye Specialist now at Well's Jewelry store has agreed to remain until next Tuesday night, Jan. 21. He is a gentleman of ability and one in whom the public may have entire confidence. All wishing their eyes scientifically adjusted with glasses should call.

THE ROYAL ARCANUM.

We are pleased to note the promptness of the Royal Arcanum in meeting its obligations.

Mr. J. C. Sechler, late of Danville, was a member of the order and upon his death the Supreme Treasurer, as soon as proof of death and standing in the order was received, mailed a draft for $3000, payable to his widow.

We take the following letter from the *Danville Sun*:

MR. W. O. ROBSON, Supreme Sec. R. A.
Boston, Mass.

Dear Sir: I desire to express my sincere thanks to the officers and members of Montgomery Council, 962, R. A., for their kind attention to my late husband during his last sickness and to the order at large for the prompt payment of $3000, the amount of his Benefit Certificate.

MRS. ANNIE R. SECHLER.

Mr. Sechler's insurance cost him about $9.00 a thousand per annum and his total payments were less than $100.

The record of the Arcanum for 13 years has both gratified its friends and disappointed its enemies. It has paid out $12,000,000, at an average cost of only $6.00 per $1000. The management is most economical, the expenses being only 2 per cent. of death losses. The lapse rate is only 2½ per cent., showing a well satisfied membership. The death rate has been only 8½ per 1000, showing careful medical examinations and selections. The total membership is now nearly 100,000. The Order is endorsed by the Insurance Dept. of Mass., N. Y. and Penna.

Catarrh originates in scrofulous taint. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, and thus permanently cures catarrh.

Judge McHenry's Funeral.

The remains of Hon. Cyrus B. McHenry were laid away in the little Christian Cemetery at Stillwater last Saturday morning. It was a very stormy day, and the roads were almost impassable so that but few people were able to attend who had any distance to drive. About one hundred persons went up from Bloomsburg, Berwick, and points along the B. & S. railroad, including about twenty members of the bar, and a number of ladies. The services were held in the church near the house, and were conducted by Rev. J. W. McNamara and John Sutton. The church was filled with relatives and friends of the deceased, and there was a universal expression

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE AGAIN.

ANOTHER VICTIM ADDED TO THE ALREADY LONG LIST.

The Christian Science treatment in the case of a young sufferer from consumption, Miss Florence Gillespie, of Chattanooga, Tenn., killed her after three months. She died last Friday in Boston, and on Saturday her body was sent to the home of her father, J. G. Gillespie, in Chattanooga. It seems that the young lady's aunt, Miss Florence Whiteside, having studied Christian Science at Mrs. Eddy's college in this city, became an ardent disciple and was instrumental in bringing her niece here to be treated. They hired rooms at No. 39 Claremont Park and the consumptive put herself under the treatment. The so-called doctors told her that "nothing was really the matter with her; that her malady was chiefly imagination and that prayer and faith in God were sure panaceas." She bore up heroically and followed the treatment to the letter. She helped in the work round the house, did part of the cooking and got out of bed at daybreak all because her doctor so recommended.

Miss Gillespie used often to ask for some thing to eat between meals, but this was strictly forbidden. At lunch she often ask for a bit of meat or fowl, but this was also strictly forbidden. Towards the end Miss Gillspie failed rapidly and looked very badly. She was trying to do the best she could to carry out the idea of her aunt, of whom she always spoke with affection and respect. She often said: "In belief I'm dying. In belief I have the most dreadful pains." The day before Miss. Gillespie died she got her own breakfast. Her aunt was away all the afternoon, and she slept alone that night.

Stop, Look and Listen.

With all the warnings printed almost daily in the newspapers, people will be so reckless as to walk on railroad tracks and attempt to cross trestles and high bridges, when they ought to know that they are liable to be run down by an approaching train at any moment. The warning against getting on and off trains when in motion is also disregarded every day, with the usual occasional consequence of maiming or death And how few traveling in vehicles heed the law, as laid down by the highest judicial athorities, that it is their duty to "Stop, Look and Listen" when approaching a crossing at grade. The railroad companies, under their charters, have the right of way, and in case of accident, unless carelessness can be shown on their part, damages can not de recovered. A fatal mistake often made by drivers, and even by those on foot, is the failure to properly estimate the speed at which a train is moving, which may be from eight to ten times as fast as they are going It is always best to lose a few minutes than to take the risk of consequence of such a miscalculation.

PIOLLET.

What have the farmers of Pennsylvania done to Victor E. Piollet that he should journey to Washington and not only make an ass of himself, but misrepresent their interests? When questioned by Mr. Breakenridge of the ways and means committee, before which he appeared, as to how beef could be protected when we export 200,000,000 pounds annually, Piollet, to the astonishment of everyone, replied, "build up our manufactures, create a home market, and *let us eat up our beef here.*"

Now we know why the workingmen aren't receiving the roast beef promised them by the republican during the presidential campaign, for Piollet has told us. The "pauper foreign laborers" seem to have money to buy our beef while our own "protected" workingmen seem to be without the necessary funds to get it. Keep the foreigners from patronizing our beef market, as Piollet suggests, and let the protected wage-worker of America spend the rest of his days attending free-for all barbecues Verily, the great men are not all dead. *Patirot.*

A Confession Coming.

There now appears the faintest hope that the Cronin mystery is about being solved. Weakened by incipient consumption and by the terrible strain and suspense of the trial, O'Sullivan, the iceman, is rapidly breaking down and is likely to make a full confession. Like Macbeth, he has "murdered sleep" and in a dream a few nights ago he was heard to say: "I cannot face my Maker with this load upon my mind."

It is thought that unless Coughlin took him into his confidence he knows little or nothing of the earlier stages of the conspiracy to murder Cronin. He knows, enough, however, to point out not only the actual murderers, but the most prominent of the conspirators behind them, and this information he will likely barter for his liberty.

The indefatigable State's Attorney will bring all the pressure that he possibly can to bear on the daily weakening iceman, and it is not improbable that one of these days the whole story of the Cronin murder will be laid bare. —*Times.*

The agents representing the companies in which the late Franklin B. Gowen carried life insurances had a conference with a view to ascertaining what an effect his suicide would have upon the payment of the policies. It is probable that all the policies will be paid without protest. The insurance held by the different companies on the life of Mr. Gowen amounts in all to $221,000, and the sums are distributed as follows: New York Life Insurance, $71,000; Equitable Life Insurance Society, $90,000; Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York, $10,000, Provident Life and Trust Company, $20,000; Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, of Newark, $10,000; Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, $10,000.

The New York *World* "addressed to many of the most prominent men at home and abroad dispatches requesting them to give their fondest wishes for the year 1890." The replies are printed, but they are not very startling. Most of the prominent men abroad excused themselves from saying anything, the two exceptions being P. T. Barnum and Cardinal Manning, who are never backward about getting into print. At home the *World* was more successful. It drew from the President that profound sentiment: "I hope for the continued prosperity of our country," and from the Department of State this, signed by Walker Blaine: "Father says he hopes everything will be all right the coming year."

During the past year $8,562,752 were embezzled from corporations, private persons and the United States Government. Most of the money is being spent in Canada.

"O, ah, let me see, what do you give for a cold on the chest?" asked Jones, in a sort of indifferent tone, of a doctor with whom he was slightly acquainted, as he met him on the street. "Advice," was the laconic reply. So do we. We advise you not to neglect that hacking cough and drowsy feeling, the coated tongue, the failing appetite, the indigestion and general lassitude and debility—that "tired feeling," as so many express it. Take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, in time, and it will not disappoint. It is not only the most wonderful alterative, or blood-cleanser, known to medical science, but also possesses superior nutritive and tonic or strength-giving properties. For Bronchial, Throat and Lung Diseases, accompanied with lingering coughs, the "Golden Medical Discovery" is absolutely unequaled as a remedy.

For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Short Breath, Consumptive Night-sweats, and kindred affections, it surpasses all other medicines. It's the only lung remedy, sold by druggists, guaranteed to benefit or cure, in every case, or money refunded.

$500 OFFERED for an incurable case of Catarrh in the Head, by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. By its mild, soothing and healing properties, it cures the worst cases, no matter of how long standing. Only 50 cents. Sold by druggists everywhere.

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE GREAT German Remedy.

TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly Billious Spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.

$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.

Do you suffer with that tired and allgone feeling; if so, use SULPHUR BITTERS; it will cure you.

Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Blotches, and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS, and health will follow.

Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and workshops; clerks, who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in doors, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.

SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.

If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS and it never fails to cure.

SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich and strong, and your flesh hard.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

Try SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and you will sleep well and feel better for it.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 2 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy, free.

"Boss wouldn't blanket him in the stable. Said it wasn't no use."

FREE—Get from your dealer free, the 5/A Book. It has handsome pictures and valuable information about horses.

Two or three dollars for a 5/A Horse Blanket will make your horse worth more and eat less to keep warm.

Ask for { 5/A Five Mile / 5/A Boss Stable / 5/A Electric / 5/A Extra Test

30 other styles at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us.

5/A HORSE BLANKETS ARE THE STRONGEST.

NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE 5/A LABEL

Manufd by WM. AYRES & SONS, Philada., who make the famous Horse Brand Rubber Blankets

CLOTHING! CLOTHING

G. W. BERTSCH,

THE MERCHANT TAILOR.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats & Caps

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Suits made to order at short notice and a fit always guaranteed or no sale. Call and examine the largest and best selected stock of goods ever shown in Columbia county.

Store—next door to First National Bank

MAIN STREET,

Bloomsburg Pa.

The secret of my happiness is, I have thrown away my old Blacking Brush, and have

WATERPROOF BOOTS BEAUTIFULLY POLISHED WITHOUT LABOR.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

Produces a polish without the old brush, and the shine will last a week on men's, and three on women's shoes. Why stick to old ways in these days of progress? Sold by Shoe Stores, Grocers, Druggists, etc.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

USE PEERLESS BRAND FRESH BALTIMORE OYSTERS

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THEM

C. H. PEARSON & Co.

BALTIMORE, Md.

J. R. SMITH & CO

LIMITED.

MILTON, Pa.,

DEALERS IN

PIANOS,

By the following well known makers:

Chickering,

Knabe,

Weber,

Hallet & Davis.

Can also furnish any of the cheaper makes at manufacturers prices. Do not buy a piano before getting our prices.

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DISEASES OF MEN ONLY

Blood Poison, Diseases of Kidneys, Bladder and other parts, Weak Sexual Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood resulte of Errors in Youth are speedily and permanently cured. Consultation and treatise (sealed) free by mail. Address DR. GRINDLE, 171 W. 125th St., New York

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Real Estate Bought and Sold.

Parties desiring to buy horses and wagons would do well to call on the above.

THE GLORY OF MAN STRENGTH VITALITY

How Lost! How Regained.

KNOW THYSELF. THE SCIENCE OF LIFE

A Scientific and Standard Popular Medical Treatise on the Errors of Youth, Premature Decline, Nervous and Physical Debility, Impurities of the Blood.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY AND UNTOLD MISERIES

Resulting from Folly, Vice, Ignorance, Excesses or Overtaxation, Enervating and ruining the victim for Work, Business, the Married or Social Relation.

Avoid unskillful pretenders. Possess this great work. It contains 300 pages, royal 8vo. Beautiful binding, embossed, full gilt. Price only $1.00 by mail, postpaid, concealed in plain wrapper. Illustrative Prospectus *Free*, if you apply now. The distinguished author, Wm. H. Parker, M. D., received the GOLD AND JEWELLED MEDAL from the National Medical Association for this PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY. Dr. Parker and a corps of Assistant Physicians may be consulted, confidentially, by mail or in person, at the office of THE PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass., to whom all orders for books or letters for advice should be directed as above.

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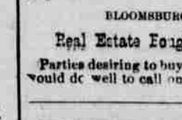


FREE OUR NEW Solid Gold Watch Worth $100.00. Sent FREE to any one who will distribute our Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, are free. All we want you to do is to show what we send you to those who call—your friends and neighbors and those that pass—and have them try valuable trade for us, which holds for years when once started, and thus we are repaid. Any girl at all expert, 'tis said, can do it, you know all, if not, would like to get a watch. Some earn from $20 to $50 per week and upwards. Address, Diamond Dye Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.

12-18 lt.

MADE WITH BOILING WATER.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

COCOA

MADE WITH BOILING MILK.

1-3 d 4t.

What is seen in the sky MILES AWAY EYE SEE MORE

One of the BEST Telescopes in the world. Our field lens art shows a view of the moon. For this and other superior goods we will send you by mail, postpaid, concealed in plain wrapper, Illustrative Prospectus *Free*, if you apply now. Mention this paper. Address, E. MALLETT & CO., Box 2950, Portland, Maine.

12-18 lt.

The latest development of the advertising art comes from Paris, where an enterprising publisher has employed a large corps of sandwich men to advertise a book by walking down the boulevards and reading it with rapt attention. An inquisitive gentleman, anxious to know how far this would have an educational effect upon the readers, crept up behind one who seemed more rapt than all the others, and found that he was reading the book upside down.

One Fact

Is worth a column of rhetoric, said an American statesman. It is a fact, established by the testimony of thousands of people, that Hood's Sarsaparilla does cure scrofula, salt rheum, and other diseases or affections arising from impure state or low condition of the blood. It also overcomes that tired feeling, creates a good appetite, and gives strength to every part of the system. Try it.

Senator Voorhees, of Indiana, indulged in some very plain talk concerning the Dudley scandal, on the floor of the senate. "If the Dudley letter is a forgery," said he, "why is it that he has not brought his libel suits against the New York *World* and other newspapers to a trial, and why is it that he has skulked and cowed and hid himself in exile for the last twelve months or more?" and the silence which followed his query on the republican side of the senate was as deep as it was significant.

Dr. Mott on Speer's Wine

Dr. Mott, of the Bellevue Hospital College, gives his unqualified endorsement to Speer's Wines; and recommends their use to sickly females and consumptives. It can be procured of any first-class druggist in the county.

Duluth, the "city of the unsalted seas so satirized by Proctor Knott, has a great deal more than realized the expectations of its founders. Some idea of its business activity and enterprise is furnished by the statement that one of its corporations has contracted for 5,000 tons of steel ship plates. They are to be used in the construction at Duluth of seven great vessels, of 30,000 tons aggregate capacity, all of which are to be built this year.

A Weighty Question to Make Light Of.

Gazzam—I see a lighthouse on the shore of Lake Michigan has been blown away by a gale.

Mrs. Gazzam—Well, I think the Government ought to stop building light houses and build heavier ones.—*New York Sun.*

It is said that the germs of the Russian influenza may easily be conveyed in greenbacks. We haven't lost any sleep yet on that account, however. In fact, we are rather anxious to be exposed in that way.

FACTS OF CURIOUS INTEREST.

A novelty is announced in the shape of a "recording and alarm" compass which, it is declared, will greatly increase the safety of vessels. The apparatus is said to to be composed of a binnacle and recording and alarm instruments connected by electric wires. The principle, in brief, is to sound an alarm whenever the course is not kept.

A French electrical journal estimates that the total length of the telegraph wires (including submarine cables) of the world in use at the present time exceeds half a million miles. Four-fifths of the land wires are in Europe and America. All the submarine cables together give a length of 80,150 miles.

A peculiarity about the blind is that there is seldom one of them who smokes. Soldiers and sailors acustom to smoking, and who have lost their sight in action, continue to smoke for a shot while, but soon give up the habit. They say that it gives them no pleasure when they can not see the smake, and some have said that they can not taste the smoke unless they see it.

The Making of a Great Diplomat.

Mr. Winn — Well, Callis, how's Papa?

Callis (a five year old) —Nicely, I thank you.

Mr. Winn—What a polite little fellow you are! Here's a nickel for you.

Callis—Pardon me; but I am not allowed to take it.

Mr. Winn (to himself)—What perfect discipline!

Callis—However, nothing was said which will will prevent you from buying some of those cocoanut taffies from the man on the Corner.—*Puck.*

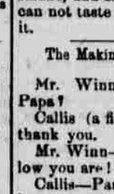
CATARRH,

Catarrhal Deafness and Hay Fever.

A NEW HOME TREATMENT.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal deafness and hay fever are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient. Once in two weeks. N. B.—For catarrhal discharges peculiar to females (whites) this remedy is a specific. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent on receipt of ten cents by A. H. DIXON & SON, 304 West King St., Toronto, Canada.—*Scientific American.*

Sufferers from catarrhal troubles should read the above carefully.



A VOICE from Ohio. Here is a portrait of Mr. Garrison, of Salem, Ohio. His writes: "Was at work on a farm for $20 a month; now have an agency for R. C. Allen & Co's albums and public documents and often make $20 a day." (Signed) W. H. GARRISON.

William Kline, Harrisburg, Pa., writes: "I have never known anything to sell like your album. Yesterday I took seven orders and to-day made over $35." W. J. Eckert, Roger, Mo., writes: "I take an order for your album at Cottonwood every morning before breakfast." Agents profit is often as much as $20 for a single day's work. Others are doing quite as well. We have not space to give extracts from their letters. Every one who takes hold of this grand business gets up grand profits. Shall we start YOU in this business, reader? Write to us and learn all about it for yourself. We are starting many; we will start you if you don't delay until another gets ahead of you in your part of the country. If you take hold you will be able to pick up gold fast. $5 Heading—On account of a forced manufacturer's sale 125,000 ten dollar Photograph Albums are to be sold to the people for $5 each. Bound in floral Crimson silk Velvet Plush. Charmingly decorated insides. Handsomest albums in the world. Largest size. Greatest bargains ever known. Agents wanted. Liberal terms. Big money for agents. Any one can become a successful agent. Sells itself on sight—little or no talking necessary. Wherever shown, every one wants to purchase. Agents take thousands of orders with rapidity never before known. Great profits await every worker. Agents are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men. You, reader, can do as well as any one. Full information and terms *Free*, to those who write for same, with particulars and terms for our family Bibles, Books and Periodicals. After you know all, should you conclude to go no further, why no harm done.

Jan. 18-29-1y.

RUPTURE

—Thousands have been permanently cured by—

DR. J. B. MAYER, 831 ARCH ST.

PHILADELPHIA, PA. Ease at once, no operation or loss of time from business. Cases pronounced incurable by others treated. Send for Circular. Advice Free. CURE GUARANTEED. Office Hours 9 to 3.

FARMS BEST Soil, Climate and Location in the South. F. WAGNER, Chesterfield, Va. 1-17-6-4t.

A Boston Institution.

THE PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE AND ITS QUARTER CENTURY'S WORK.

One of the self-evident propositions regarding most, if not all, human institutions, is that their survival indicates their fitness to exist. In other words, when an institution best serves some good purpose it is apt to live while such a purpose is to be, or should be served. To combat the ordinary ills to which the flesh is heir, we have good physicians by the thousand and hospitals by the hundred; but there are ailments of so subtle a nature, many of which infest society like a dry rot, that require special skill and care in their treatment, that the specialist alone—and he must be a man of rare qualifications—can best treat them. Of such ailments as those which have their origin in the disorders of the nervous system are usually the most difficult to deal with; or to treat successfully. Their origin may be remote to the eye of the ordinary practicioner, while to the eye of the specialist it my be plainly indicated by the nature of the manifestations. At any rate, they are always more or less difficult of treatment, requiring peculiar methods and patient and persevering attention on the part of the medical man. To treat such maladies was the object of the founder of the Peabody Medical institute when some 25 years ago, he established it at No. 4 Bulfinch street, Boston where it is located to this day and where it will, no doubt, continue for many years to come, it being an established fact in the history of medical institutions that where they are eminently useful to humanity they become permanent. Its mission being largely philanthropic. it was named after that eminent American philanthropist, the late George Peabody, whose beneficence gladdens and will continue to gladden thousands of his fellow-beings on both sides of the Atlantic for ages to come. It has had a wonderful history of success, has this Peabody Medical Institute. and it has extended its usefulness not only throughout the length and breadth of this land, but in the countries of Europe and Asia. So systematic are the methods pursued in the conduct of the business pertaining to this institution that it can trest by letter at any distance the most obstinate cases of diseases which come within the scope of its treatment.

The Peabody Medical Institute, also, has done a vast amount of philanthropic work in its publications, which being standard medical works, are yet written for the purpose of bringing about that most necessary condition of self-knowleege that is embodied in the motto, "Know Thy-elf." Indeed, there is no estimating the value of such publications, written as these are for popular comprehension, for they disseminate the information that is most essential to the man or woman who would lead a moral, sober and virtuous life.

Filling such a useful sphere in the education and enlightenment of the world, and in "ministering to the mind diseased," as well as the body, as is the case in most nervous diseases, it is not to be wondered at that the Peabody Medical Institute lives and thrives, but the wonder would be that it should not live and extend its influence in behalf of suffering humanity. —*Boston, Mass., Herald,* Dec. 19, 1889.

With a third of the Winter gone and not a pound of ice harvested anywhere in the country, the outlook for a crop of the cooling material for next Summer is anything but bright. Even when in other neighborhoods the prospect looked dubious at this season, Maine and New Hampshire could be depended upon to furnish ample supply. This year, however, those two States were as destitute of ice on the first of January as the district around Philadelphia is. Last year at this time there was nearly a third of a crop left over from the large supply gathered in the previous Winter. This reserve added to the scant crop of last Winter proved to be enough for the demands of a cool summer. But there will be no stock left over this year and the country will have to depend upon what can be gathered between this date and Spring. So the prospect is more than usually dubious, but Jack Frost may have some meteorological surprises in store.

He Can Handle Electric Wires.

Jacob Pfetch, Superintendent of the Erie Motor Car Company, gave an exhibition Jan. 9 of his invention of a personal insulation which enables him to handle live wires with impunity. Pfetch took the "buzz rod" of the dynamos which operate the entire Erie city system of street-cars and with bare hands received the full charge of almost six hundred volts of electricity, and, although his clothes were wet and he stood on wet soil, he did not ground the current. His invention will prove a savior to all men engaged in handling electric wires, Pfetch was promoted to the necessity for such an invention by the electric fatalities so common His personal insulation can be worn by any one without either inconvenience or harm.

OH! MY HEAD!!

Suffering of a New Jersey Senator.—Dyspepsia, Sick Headache.—Terrible Things.

When the stomach is torpid it soon becomes clogged with half digested matters, the blood becomes vitiated and foul; the other organs fail to act normally, and induces a train of symptoms, such as dyspepsia, sick headache, dizziness, drowsiness, palpitation of the heart, pain in the back, loss of appetite. "There are few things that I believe in with all my heart and it affords me pleasure to tell of one of them." The speaker was ex-Senator Albert Merritt, head of the large fruit farm, in Park Place, N. Y., and the scene his office. "I was sick and feared I had become failed to endure the

Tortures of Dyspepsia

and a dangerous affection of the kidneys. A relative said to me, 'Why don't you try Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy,' made at Rondout, N. Y. I did so. I grew steadily better, my pond sat, digest, sleep and work with a clearer head. The sallow color of my skin had given place to the tones that announces pure blood and health. I felt like a new man in health action. Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is entitled to the credit of saving my life. If any one has a doubt about the truth of my statements let him write to me. I can give you the names and addresses of fifty persons who affirm, as I do, that Favorite Remedy has been to them a help and a blessing in time of need." W. J. Bowers, Tarrytown, N. Y. says: "For a long time I was troubled with severe attacks of dizziness and

Blind Sick Headache

due to impure blood and a disordered state of the digestion. I was advised to try Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., and have been completely cured. My dizziness and headache passed away, my appetite returned, and I have gained much in flesh. I recommend it to many with like symptoms as mine." Mr. David Fitts, Taunton, Mass., says: "I recommend Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy for dyspepsia and sick headache. I suffered for many years with these complaints, and was cured by Dr. Kennedy's

FAVORITE REMEDY.

Price One dollar. Prepared at Rondout, N. Y.

Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

Prepared by

DR. DAVID KENNEDY, RONDOUT, N. Y.

$1 per bottle Six for $5. By all druggists.

Carp American Carp Culture.

—ESTABLISHED IN 1886.—

(16 Page Monthly, Illustrated, only 50 cents a year.)

The only Journal in the United States devoted to Water Culture, Pond Construction and Fish Production. Endorsed by Fish Commissioners in every State in the Union. Send 2 cent stamp for sample copy.

Address, E. M. LOGAN, Allianee, Ohio.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN.

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DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH. P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Northumberland	5 40	1 50	10 00	6 15
Cameron	5 55	....	10 15	6 30
Chulasky	....	....	10 19	....
Danville	6 04	2 11	10 28	6 41
Catawissa	6 25	....	10 43	6 56
Rupert	6 30	2 30	10 50	7 03
Bloomsburg	6 35	2 35	10 57	7 2
Espy	6 42	2 41	11 05	7 20
Lime Ridge	6 50	....	11 12	7 37
Willow Grove	6 54	....	11 16	7 31
Briarcreek	6 58	....	11 20	7 35
Berwick	7 05	2 39	11 27	7 44
Beach Haven	7 11	....	11 34	7 49
Hick's Ferry	7 13	....	11 36	7 5
Shickshinny	7 30	3 20	11 48	8 06
Hunlock's	7 43	....	11 58	8 17
Nanticoke	7 50	3 36	12 06	8 24
Avondale	7 54	....	12 10	8 28
Plymouth	7 59	3 45	12 15	8 33
Plymouth Junction	8 01	....	12 20	8 34
Kingston	8 08	3 53	12 27	8 45
Bennett	8 12	....	12 31	8 49
Malloy	8 17	....	12 35	8 53
Wyoming	8 22	4 02	12 40	8 58
West Pittston	8 27	4 04	12 45	9 03
Pittston	8 33	4 11	12 53	9 09
Lackawanna	8 40	....	1 01	9 17
Taylorville	8 48	....	1 09	9 25
Bellevue	8 54	....	1 15	9 30
Scranton	9 00	4 38	1 20	9 35
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

STATIONS.	SOUTH. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Scranton	6 10	9 50	1 53	6 20
Bellevue	6 15	9 55	....	6 25
Taylorville	6 20	10 00	2 02	6 30
Lackawanna	6 28	10 08	2 10	6 37
Pittston	6 34	10 16	2 18	6 45
West Pittston	6 40	10 22	2 24	6 50
Wyoming	6 47	10 27	2 29	6 55
Maltby	6 51	10 30	....	6 59
Bennett	6 55	10 34	2 37	7 03
Kingston	6 58	10 37	2 40	7 07
Plymouth Junction	7 03	10 42	2 45	7 12
Plymouth	7 10	10 47	2 50	7 16
Avondale	7 14	10 51	2 55	7 21
Nanticoke	7 19	10 55	2 59	7 25
Hunlock's	7 26	11 02	3 06	7 43
Shickshinny	7 37	11 12	3 20	7 55
Hick's Ferry	7 55	11 22	3 31	8 07
Beach Haven	8 01	11 34	3 40	8 3
Berwick	8 07	11 40	3 47	8 20
Briar Creek	8 12	....	3 53	8 27
Willow Grove	8 16	11 50	3 57	8 31
Lime Ridge	8 20	11 54	4 02	8 35
Espy	8 26	12 01	4 09	8 41
Bloomsburg	8 32	12 06	4 15	8 47
Rupert	8 37	12 12	4 22	8 52
Catawissa	8 42	2 17	4 28	8 57
Danville	8 57	12 32	4 46	9 15
Chulasky	....	....	4 54	....
Cameron	9 07	12 41	5 00	9 25
Northumberland	9 22	12 55	5 15	9 45
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville etc. At Northumberland with P. & R. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry, and Erie

W. F. HALSTEAD, Gen'l Man., Scranton, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER NOV. 10th 1889.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG as follows:

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, etc., 6:00, 11:05 a. m.

For Williamsport, Milton and Danville 7:31 a. m. 3:16, 11:05 p. m.

For Catawissa 7:03, 7:30, 11:05 a. m., 12:23, 5:00 6:35 p. m.

For Rupert 6:04, 7:30, 11:05 a. m., 12:20, 3:16, 5:00, 6:35, 11:05 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 7:45 a. m. 4:00 p. m. and via Easton 8:45 a. m. 3:45 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10:00 a. m. 4:00 p. m.

Leave Reading 11:35 a. m. 7:57 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12:30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1:2 a. m. 9:: 8 p. m.

Leave Williamsport 9:15 a. m. 4:15 p. m.

Leave Catawissa 6:55, 8:00 a. m., 1:30, 3:20, 6:15 11:12 p. m.

Leave Rupert 6:16, 7:03, 8:08, 11:21 a. m. 1:38, 3:31, 6:32, 11:21 p. m.

For Baltimore Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R. through trains leave Girard Avenue Station (Phila. (P. & R. R. R.) 4:25, 8:40, 11:00 a. m. 1:25, 4:30, 5:54, 7:30 p. m. Sundays 4:25, 11:00 a. m. 4:30, 5:54, 7:30 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Pier 7, Chestnut Street Wharf, and South Street Wharf:

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

Week days—Express, 9.00, a. m. 4:00 p. m. Accomodation, 7:30 a. m. 4:30 p. m.

Sundays—Express, 9:00 a. m Accomodation 8:00 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

RETURNING, LEAVE ATLANTIC CITY.

Depot corner Atlantic and Arkansas Avenues:

Week days—Express, 7: 0 a. m. and 4:00 p. m. Accomodation 8:0 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

Sundays—Express, 4:00 p. m. Accomodation, 7:30 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

A. A. McLEOD, Vice Pres. & Gen'l Manager. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect NOV. 10, 1889. Trains leave Sunbury

EASTWARD

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York 5.50 p. m.; Baltimore, 4.10 p. m.; Washington 5.55 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.39 p. m.—Day Express daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 8.10 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.35 a. m.; New York 7.10 a. m. Baltimore, 5.15 a. m.; Washington 6.30 a. m.; Pullman sleeping car from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 a. m. New York, 9.30 a. m.; Through Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

2.50 a. m.—Sunbury Express (daily) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Baltimore 7.30 a. m. and Washington 8.45 a. m. and through Pullman sleeping cars to Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.10 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily), for Erie and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Parlor cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.55—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1.45 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Williamsport.

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.15 p. m. Williamsport Express (daily) for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Baltimore, 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily arriving at Sunbury 9.53. a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 8.50 a. m.; Washington 8 0 a. m. Baltimore 9.00 a. m. (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1.43 p. m. with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.10 a. m.; Washington 6 30 a. m.; Baltimore, 11.45 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m. with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Williamsport Express leaves New York 4.00 p. m. Philadelphia 11.45 p. m. Washington 8 30 a. m. Baltimore 1.43 p. m. (daily) arriving at Sunbury 9.15 p. m.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.25 p. m.; Washington, 10.50 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m. (daily) arriving at Sunbury 5.10 a. m. with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 10.00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.48 a. m. Wilkes-Barre 12.10 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.26 p. m. Wilkes-barre 7.50 p. m.

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 11.17 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.37 p. m